UNVEILING LITERARY TERMS IN HUMAN RIGHTS FICTION: A TEXTUAL ANALYSIS FOR ENHANCED HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION

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Abstract

Human rights education is crucial for fostering a culture of respect for human rights. This qualitative research paper investigates the role of human rights literature in advancing human rights education, focusing on textual analysis. By examining the literary elements and devices in selected fictional works, this study aims to reveal how literature effectively conveys human rights principles. The research highlights the significance of literary terms, such as symbolism, allegory, and characterization, in transmitting the concept of human rights education. Furthermore, this paper presents examples from selected fictional works to demonstrate the ongoing relevance of literature in addressing contemporary human rights issues.

Keywords: Textual Analysis, Text Analytics, Human Rights Literature, Human Rights Education, Literary Terms

1. Introduction

Human rights education is recognized as a fundamental tool in promoting respect for human rights (UNESCO, n.d.). Its essence lies in equipping individuals with knowledge, values, and skills to understand and advocate for human rights. This research delves into the power of human rights literature in advancing this educational endeavor. Its essence lies in equipping individuals with not just knowledge but also a profound understanding of the values and skills necessary to recognize, appreciate, and advocate for human rights in their diverse forms. It is in this context that this research embarks on an exploration of the potent role of human rights literature, with a particular focus on its underlying literary terms and devices, in advancing the field of human rights education.

In this study, the investigators acknowledge that human rights education plays a pivotal role in nurturing a society where human rights are revered and upheld (Smith et al., 2018). However, it is emphasized in this
study that the strength of human rights literature, enhanced by literary concepts and methods, can heighten the impact of human rights education on students. Here the investigators try to reveal how the subtle intricacies of language, symbolism, allegory, and other literary elements within the selected literary fiction led to a greater knowledge of human rights concerns and concepts by fusing the fields of human rights education and literary analysis.

The present research aims to demonstrate that it is not merely the content of human rights literature but also the literary terms and techniques employed within these narratives that hold the key to engaging, inspiring, and empowering individuals in their journey toward a more profound comprehension of human rights principles. As we delve into our textual analysis, we will illuminate how literary terms function as catalysts, enabling readers to connect emotionally and intellectually with the human rights themes embedded in these literary works. By doing so, we aspire to underscore the significance of integrating literary analysis into human rights education, ultimately paving the way for a more comprehensive and impactful approach to fostering a culture of human rights respect and advocacy.

While the value of human rights education is widely acknowledged, little research has qualitatively analyzed the textual aspects of human rights literature. This study aims to address this gap by examining how literary elements and devices contribute to the effective transmission of human rights concepts. Furthermore, it explores how various fictional works continue to resonate with the evolving landscape of human rights.

Objectives

This research seeks to:

• Analyze the textual elements in human rights literature.
• Explore the relevance of literary terms in conveying human rights concepts.
• Illustrate the enduring significance of literature in human rights education.

Research Questions

1. How do literary elements and devices contribute to the effectiveness of human rights literature?
2. What is the role of literary terms like symbolism, allegory, and characterization in transmitting human rights concepts?
3. How do recent fictional works address contemporary human rights issues through literary means?

Methodology

To address these research questions, a qualitative approach focusing on textual analysis was employed. This method allows for an in-depth examination of the literary aspects of human rights literature. Three main steps were involved:
a. Data Selection

For this research, a qualitative approach centered on textual analysis was employed. This method facilitated a comprehensive exploration of literary elements within human rights literature. The selection of data encompassed a range of classic and contemporary works, including "Horton Hears A Who," the Harry Potter series, Terry Pratchett's Discworld Universe, and six additional works: "The Hate U Give" by Angie Thomas, "The Handmaid's Tale" by Margaret Atwood, "The Kite Runner" by Khaled Hosseini, "Persepolis" by Marjane Satrapi, "The Giver" by Lois Lowry, and "1984" by George Orwell.

b. Data Analysis

The selected literary texts were analyzed through textual analysis and also textual analytics like word cloud, sentimental analysis, keyword graph etc. The textual analysis process involved closely examining the use of literary elements such as symbolism, allegory, characterization, and narrative structure. Quotes and passages that exemplified these elements were extracted for analysis.

c. Theoretical Framework

The analysis was guided by a theoretical framework that emphasized the significance of literary terms in conveying complex concepts, particularly those related to human rights. Literary theories and concepts related to symbolism, allegory, and characterization were employed to provide a deeper understanding of the texts.

2. Literature Review:

The literature review focuses on three main areas: human rights education, human rights literature, and the role of literary elements in conveying complex ideas.

Human Rights Education

Human rights education aims to equip individuals with the knowledge, values, and skills to understand, promote, and protect human rights. It is rooted in international human rights instruments like the UDHR and emphasizes the importance of teaching and education in fostering respect for human rights.

Human Rights Literature

Human rights literature is a genre that addresses human rights issues, either directly or indirectly. This genre includes various forms of fiction, such as novels, poetry, and plays. Human rights literature often serves as a medium to raise awareness, provoke empathy, and challenge societal norms.

Role of Literary Elements

Literary elements and devices play a crucial role in conveying complex ideas effectively. Symbolism allows authors to imbue objects or characters with deeper meaning. Allegory enables the exploration of abstract concepts through narrative. Characterization gives life to individuals who embody human rights principles.
3. Textual Analysis

3.1 Data Presentation

This section presents the findings of the textual analysis, focusing on the use of literary elements and terms in human rights literature. It includes examples from classic and contemporary works:

- **Symbolism**

In “Horton Hears A Who,” Dr. Seuss employs symbolism through the character of Horton the elephant. The speck of dust symbolizes the marginalized and voiceless, emphasizing the idea that “A person is a person, no matter how small.” This symbolism resonates with human rights principles of equality and solidarity.

- **Allegory**

The Harry Potter series by J.K. Rowling utilizes allegory to address issues of discrimination and social justice. The mistreatment of house elves serves as an allegory for the mistreatment of disadvantaged groups in society. Hermione’s advocacy for house elves reflects the broader human rights value of equality.

- **Characterization**

Terry Pratchett’s Discworld Universe features characters like Samuel Vimes who embody complex ethical dilemmas. Vimes’s internal struggle over whether to deliver justice or vengeance illustrates the human rights principle that even law enforcement must uphold the rule of law and respect human dignity.

**Additional Textual Analysis:**

- “The Hate U Give” by Angie Thomas explores systemic racism and police brutality. The character Starr’s journey from fear to activism illustrates the power of literature in raising awareness of contemporary human rights issues.

- “The Handmaid’s Tale” by Margaret Atwood employs dystopian allegory to address women’s rights and reproductive autonomy. The character Offred becomes a symbol of resistance against oppressive regimes.

- “The Kite Runner” by Khaled Hosseini delves into themes of redemption and human rights violations in Afghanistan. The character Amir’s journey towards redemption highlights the importance of acknowledging past wrongs.

- “Persepolis” by Marjane Satrapi offers a graphic novel perspective on human rights in Iran. Through the character Marjane, the book confronts issues of censorship and personal freedom.

- “The Giver” by Lois Lowry uses a futuristic allegory to explore the consequences of suppressing human emotions and memories. The character Jonas’s awakening to the value of individuality mirrors human rights principles of autonomy and freedom.

- “1984” by George Orwell serves as a dystopian warning about the dangers of totalitarianism and surveillance. The character Winston Smith’s resistance against a repressive regime underscores the need to safeguard fundamental rights.
3.2. Text Analytics

Text analytics plays a pivotal role in this study by offering a systematic and data-driven approach to understanding the intricate relationship between human rights literature and the field of human rights education. By employing various text analytics methods, we aim to uncover essential insights from a diverse range of literary works. These methods allow us to distill the wealth of textual information into manageable and meaningful components. Word clouds, keyword analysis, sentiment analysis, and similar techniques serve as powerful tools for summarizing, visualizing, and identifying key terms, themes, and sentiments within the texts. By leveraging text analytics, we can navigate the complexities of human rights literature more efficiently, enabling us to draw connections between literary terms and the imparting of human rights education.

a. Word cloud

Here, the cloud analysis serves as an initial visual exploration tool that helps you identify important works, literary terms, and recurring ideas within the human rights literature, providing a foundation for more in-depth textual analysis. Fig 3.2 (a) provides initial and holistic visual representation of the human rights literature being examined. It visually represents frequently occurring words and phrases in a larger, bolder format, it draws attention to important works, recurring literary terms, and central ideas that permeate these texts.

Figure: 3.2 (a)

Word Cloud

b. Keyword graph

Keyword graph analysis holds significant relevance in this study as it offers a structured and comprehensive way to explore the relationships between key terms and concepts within the realm of human rights literature. By visually mapping out the connections between important keywords and their co-occurrence patterns, it allows for a deeper understanding of the thematic and conceptual landscape present in these literary works. This analysis goes beyond surface-level word frequency and delves into the intricate web of ideas, enabling us to identify clusters of related terms and uncover hidden themes that may not be immediately evident.
A positive sentiment score of 62.50 in the textual analysis suggests that the content of the text analyzed tends to convey a predominantly favorable sentiment. In the context of the study on human rights literature and its role in human rights education, this positive sentiment score could imply several things:

a) **Effectiveness of Human Rights Literature**: A positive sentiment score may indicate that the human rights literature you analyzed is generally effective in conveying its messages and themes in a positive and inspiring manner. This aligns with the idea that literature can be a powerful tool for engaging and educating readers about human rights.
b) **Impactful Messaging:** The positive sentiment suggests that the literary works studied may effectively communicate the importance of human rights, empathy, and social justice. It implies that these works may resonate with readers and leave them with a sense of hope or motivation to advocate for human rights.

c) **Emphasis on Positive Change:** A positive sentiment score could reflect that the literary texts examined emphasize the potential for positive change in society, encouraging readers to take action or be part of movements that promote human rights and equality.

d) **Appealing Literary Techniques:** It may also indicate that the literary terms and devices used in these works, which were mentioned in this study, contribute to a positive and engaging reading experience. These literary elements may help readers connect emotionally with the human rights themes.

Even though sentiment analysis provides a quantitative measure of overall sentiment but may not capture the nuanced or complex aspects of the text. Therefore, while a positive sentiment score is valuable, for a researcher it's essential to complement it with qualitative analysis to fully understand how the literature impacts human rights education and advocacy.

### 4. Discussion

In this discussion section, it would be beneficial to provide a summary of the main findings from the textual analysis and text analytics before delving into the broader implications of the study. This will help readers understand the key contributions of the research more effectively.

After conducting the textual analysis and employing text analytics techniques, the study has revealed several significant findings. Firstly, it has been demonstrated that literary elements and devices, such as symbolism, allegory, and characterization, play a crucial role in the effectiveness of human rights literature. These elements not only engage readers emotionally and intellectually but also help convey complex human rights concepts.

Secondly, the study has shown that contemporary human rights issues continue to be addressed through literary means in recent fictional works. This highlights the enduring relevance of literature in human rights education.

Thirdly, the sentiment analysis results suggest that the analyzed human rights literature tends to convey a predominantly positive sentiment. This could indicate that these literary works effectively communicate the importance of human rights and inspire readers to advocate for them.

Now, let's discuss the broader implications of these findings. The study's results emphasize the importance of integrating literary analysis into human rights education. By doing so, educators can leverage the power of literary terms and techniques to enhance students' understanding and appreciation of human rights principles. This approach can lead to a more comprehensive and impactful human rights education.
Furthermore, the findings underscore the importance of a diverse range of human rights literature in education. By exposing students to a variety of literary works, they can gain insights into different aspects of human rights and appreciate the nuances of these concepts. This can foster a more empathetic and globally aware generation capable of addressing contemporary human rights challenges.

Lastly, the study's methodological approach, combining qualitative textual analysis with quantitative text analytics, can serve as a model for future research in the intersection of human rights education and literary analysis. This integrated methodology can provide a more holistic understanding of the role of literature in human rights education and advocacy.

5. Suggestions

Based on the findings, it is suggested that educators should incorporate human rights literature into their curriculum, emphasizing the analysis of literary elements. This approach can enhance critical thinking skills and promote discussions. In addition to incorporating human rights literature into the curriculum and emphasizing the analysis of literary elements, the following suggestions can further enhance human rights education through literature:

- **Interdisciplinary Approach**: Encourage an interdisciplinary approach that combines literature with social studies, history, or ethics courses. This approach helps students connect human rights concepts to broader contexts and real-world issues.

- **Guest Authors and Speakers**: Invite authors of human rights literature or experts in the field to engage with students. Guest lectures, book discussions, or author visits can provide unique insights and perspectives.

- **Comparative Analysis**: Encourage students to compare human rights issues across different works of literature. This comparative analysis can help them recognize common themes and variations in how human rights are portrayed.

- **Creative Projects**: Assign creative projects that allow students to express their understanding of human rights through art, writing, or multimedia presentations. This hands-on approach fosters creativity and critical thinking.

- **Local Connections**: Explore local human rights issues and connect them to global themes found in literature. This approach helps students see the relevance of human rights in their own communities.

7. Conclusion

In conclusion, this research has successfully demonstrated the significance of literary terms and techniques in human rights literature and their potential to enhance human rights education. By integrating literary analysis into human rights education, educators can create a more engaging, empathetic, and impactful learning experience for students. The study's methodological approach can inspire future research in this field, further exploring the interplay between literature and human rights education.
Reference


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