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INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CREATIVE RESEARCH THOUGHTS (IJCRT)

An International Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

Optimizing Performance And User Experience: A Study Of Blog Application Development Using MERN Stack

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Abstract: This is a Web based Blog application to help people write their idea and share it to the world. It provides resources to read and write idea through the world. The aim of this project to create and design a blogging platform using new technology called MERN Stack technology such as: MongoDB, Express JS framework, ReactJS library, and NodeJS platform. The basic blog application consists of several tools and methodology to provide different services like post like, comment and Share. Sign In/Login methods are used to differentiate one user from other, creating dashboard for the list of posted blogs using MERN Stack.

Index Terms: MERN Stack , Blog Application

I. INTRODUCTION

A Blog is a sort of website which can use for writing articles, short ideas and short story and can be share to the world with the help of internet. A blog post mainly contains text, images, videos and other media. If you spend a lot of time on the internet you have probably come before a blog post before, even if you didn't recognise it. These blog posts are written by Bloggers. These bloggers are politically active, tech person and mass media communication members. An Individual can write his blog through this blogging application. Users are required to login into Application to write and manage their blog, However to maintain anonymity users can also publish blog without creating any account but to maintain their blogs they need to login into system. Different users can read,like, comment and share the blog posts. Author will get notification for different responses on their written blogs.

There are many reasons why people use blog, but most common reasons are:

- 1. to share idea and knowledge
- 2. to make remark on those topics that interest
- 3. to improve their writing skills
- 4. to make their career in content writing

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

The Research aim about studying the basic components of MERN stack such as :MongoDB, ExpressJS, ReactJS, and NodeJS platform. Using the basic functions of blogging application such as login, sign up, write blog, read blog,manage all the blogs and admin dashboard to manage all the users and all the blogs. Blogs are also SEO optimized which helps browsers to identify about the content. Users can also follow author and search particular types of blogs using provided filter.

2.1.Node JS

Node.js, an open-source, cross-platform JavaScript runtime environment, has emerged as a transformative force in modern web development. Initially released in 2009 by Ryan Dahl, Node.js has since gained widespread adoption and community support. Its unique design, based on the V8 JavaScript runtime engine

from Google, enables server-side execution of JavaScript code, revolutionizing the way developers build scalable and efficient network applications.



Figure 1: Node JS Architecture

2.2.React JS

React.js, often simply referred to as React, is a powerful JavaScript library for building user interfaces in web applications. Developed and maintained by Facebook, React has gained widespread popularity for its simplicity and efficiency in creating interactive and dynamic user interfaces. At its core, React simplifies the process of building UI components by breaking them down into small, reusable pieces. One of its key features is the use of a virtual DOM (Document Object Model), which allows React to update and render components efficiently, resulting in faster and more responsive user interfaces. React follows a componentbased architecture, enabling developers to create encapsulated and modular components that can be easily managed and reused. This modular approach promotes code organization, maintainability, and scalability, making it particularly advantageous for large and complex applications. Another notable feature of React is its one-way data binding, which ensures a unidirectional flow of data within the application. This makes it easier to trace and manage the flow of information, reducing the likelihood of bugs and enhancing the overall predictability of the application. React's declarative syntax is another highlight, allowing developers to describe the desired outcome of a component without having to specify the step-by-step instructions for achieving it. This makes the code more readable and intuitive. React's ecosystem is enriched by the availability of a vast number of third-party libraries and tools, allowing developers to integrate additional features seamlessly. Additionally, React can be combined with other technologies, such as Redux for state management or React Router for navigation, to create comprehensive and feature-rich web application.

2.3.ExpressJs

Express.js, commonly known as Express, is a minimalist and flexible web application framework for Node.js. Designed to simplify the process of building web applications and APIs, Express provides a robust set of features that enable developers to create scalable and efficient server-side applications. One of its key strengths lies in its unobtrusive and lightweight nature, allowing developers to build applications with greater flexibility and customization.

2.4.Mongo DB

MongoDB is a widely-used, open-source NoSQL (Not Only SQL) database management system that revolutionizes the way data is stored and retrieved. Unlike traditional relational databases, MongoDB adopts a document-oriented model, organizing data into flexible and JSON-like BSON (Binary JSON) documents. Developed by MongoDB Inc., this database has become synonymous with scalability, flexibility, and ease of use. One of MongoDB's defining features is its schema-less design, allowing developers to store data without a predefined structure. This flexibility is especially advantageous for projects with evolving data requirements, enabling developers to adapt to changing needs without significant modifications to the database schema. MongoDB's data model is centered around collections of documents, where each document contains key-value pairs. This structure mirrors the natural organization of data in many applications and simplifies the process of mapping data to objects in code. Moreover, MongoDB supports embedded documents and arrays, providing a powerful mechanism for handling complex and hierarchical data structures. Another standout feature is its horizontal scalability. MongoDB excels in distributing data across multiple servers, facilitating efficient scaling as data volume grows. The platform also supports sharding, a technique that involves partitioning large datasets into smaller, more manageable chunks, further

enhancing its scalability. Querying in MongoDB is intuitive and expressive, utilizing a rich set of operators and indexing capabilities. The database supports a wide range of query options, including field projections, sorting, and aggregation pipelines. Additionally, MongoDB's native support for geospatial data allows developers to build location-aware applications with ease. MongoDB Atlas, the official cloud-based database service, offers a fully managed and scalable solution, eliminating the operational overhead of database management. This cloud service ensures high availability, security, and automated backups, providing developers with a hassle-free experience.

2.5. Javascript

JavaScript is a high-level, interpreted programming language. This means that it is easy to learn and use, and that it does not need to be compiled before it can be run. JavaScript is also a very versatile language. It can be used to create a wide variety of applications, from simple web pages to complex web applications.

III. Proposed System

The Work Proposed in this paper is work on Blog Application for online content sharing platform that uses technology stack called MERN. M for MongoDB, E for Express, R for reactJS, N for nodeJS. The project include different types of search with SEO optimized tags, in main notification using Node mailer a nodeJS library. Admin Dashboard to maintain all the blogs. It Uses tailwind CSS library for styling blog website. Furthermore, the paper provides a analysis of integration of these technologies and different tools in web development, offering strategic and best practices for optimizing performance, scalability ,user involvement and user experience.

IV. Methodology

4.1. Requirement Analysis

- Identify and document the specific requirements of the blog application, including user features, content management needs, and desired functionalities.
- Consider factors such as user authentication, blog post creation and editing, commenting, social sharing, and search capabilities.

4.2. Technology Stack Selection

- Choose the MERN stack components (MongoDB, Express.js, React, Node.js) based on the project requirements and scalability considerations.
- Evaluate additional tools or libraries that complement the MERN stack, such as Mongoose for MongoDB schema validation and management.

4.3 Database Design

- Design the MongoDB database schema to store blog posts, user data, comments, and other relevant information.
- Define relationships between different entities to ensure efficient data retrieval.

4.4. Server-Side Development (Node.js and Express.js)

- Set up the Node.js server using Express.js to handle HTTP requests and responses.
- Implement RESTful APIs for creating, reading, updating, and deleting blog posts, managing user authentication, and handling comments.
- Integrate middleware for error handling, security, and other necessary functionalities.

4.5. Client-Side Development (React)

- Create a React-based front-end to provide an interactive user interface.
- Develop components for displaying blog posts, user authentication forms, comments, and other UI elements.
- Implement client-side routing for smooth navigation within the application.

4.6. User Authentication

- Integrate user authentication mechanisms, such as JWT (JSON Web Tokens), to secure the application.
- Implement user registration, login, and logout functionalities.

4.7. Content Management

- Develop features for creating, editing, and deleting blog posts, including a rich text editor for formatting content.
- Implement image uploading capabilities for blog posts, if required.

4.8. Commenting System

- Create a commenting system that allows users to leave comments on blog posts.
- Implement features such as comment moderation and reply functionality.

4.9. User Interface and Experience (UI/UX) Design

- Design a responsive and visually appealing user interface that enhances the overall user experience.
- Incorporate UI elements such as navigation menus, search bars, and pagination for improved usability.

4.10. Testing

- Conduct unit testing for individual components, integration testing for APIs, and end-to-end testing for the entire application.
- Address and rectify any bugs or issues identified during the testing phase.

4.11. Deployment:

- Choose a hosting platform, such as AWS, Heroku, or MongoDB Atlas, and deploy both the front-end and back-end components of the application.
- Configure environment variables and settings for production deployment.

4.12. Performance Optimization:

- Optimize the application for performance by minimizing load times, optimizing database queries, and implementing caching strategies.
- Ensure that the application is scalable and can handle increased traffic.

4.13. Monitoring and Maintenance:

- Implement monitoring tools to track application performance, user interactions, and potential issues.
- Establish a maintenance plan for regular updates, security patches, and feature enhancements.

V. USE CASE DIAGRAM

The use case diagram for the MERN stack blog application showcases the system's core functionalities and user interactions. The diagram includes actors such as "User" and "Viewer," representing different roles within the application. Use cases encompass actions like "View Blog Post," "Create Blog Post," "Edit Blog Post," "Delete Blog Post," "Comment on Blog Post," "Register," and "Login." These use cases illustrate the main functionalities available to users and administrators. Additionally, interactions with the database, such as "Retrieve Blog Post" and "Update Blog Post," are depicted to demonstrate how the system manages data. Overall, the use case diagram provides a comprehensive overview of the system's capabilities and user interactions, serving as a valuable tool for system design and development.



Figure 2: Use Case Diagram of Blog Application

VI. CLASS DIAGRAM

The class diagram for the MERN stack blog application outlines the various classes and their relationships within the system. Key classes include "User," "Admin," "BlogPost," "Comment," and "DatabaseManager." The "User" class represents both registered users and administrators, each with their respective attributes and methods for authentication and authorization. The "BlogPost" class encapsulates attributes like title, content, author, and creation date, along with methods for CRUD operations. The "Comment" class manages user comments associated with each blog post. The "Post" class handles interactions with the MongoDB database, including methods for data retrieval, insertion, updating, and deletion. Relationships between classes depict how they interact: for instance, a user can create, edit, and delete their own blog posts, while an admin may have additional privileges. The class diagram provides a structural overview of the system, aiding in the understanding and organization of the application's components during development.



Figure 3: Class Diagram of Blog Application

VII. CONCLUSION

While crafting the system, a conscious effort was made to develop a software package capable of generating a robust case system using available tools, methodologies, and resources. The main objective was to design a system that is highly user-friendly, ensuring wide acceptance and meeting the diverse requirements of all users. While it is reasonable to anticipate that the system will fulfill user expectations, it is acknowledged that, like any system development process, there have been certain flaws in its development. This paper aims to delve into the significance of advanced blogging, a type of website that enables numerous entries by the organization's members. Advanced blogging serves as an excellent platform for individuals to learn the process of creating their own blogs. Blogger, renowned for being one of the most popular blogging platforms, especially for businesses, has contributed to the widespread adoption of advanced blogging. The appeal of advanced blogging lies in its accessibility – it is free and eliminates concerns about the technical intricacies of hosting, making it a favoured choice for many.

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IJCRT24A4307 International Journal of Creative Research Thoughts (IJCRT) <u>www.ijcrt.org</u> I394

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