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DYNAMIC BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM

Makarand V. Damale, Bhakti M. Sawant, Atharv S. Haryan, Simran Nadaf.
Rashmi More

Bachelor of Engineering Bachelor of Engineering Bachelor of Engineering, Bachelor of
In Computer. in Computer. Assistant Professor in Computer. Mumbai
University

Rajendra Mane College of Engineering and Technology Devrukh(Ambav), Ratnagiri, India.

ABSTRACT:

The Dynamic Battery Charging System(DBCS) aims to develop an advanced and efficient solution for managing and optimizing battery performance in various applications. Batteries are crucial power sources for a wide range of devices and systems, including electric vehicles, telecommunications infrastructure, and industrial equipment. However, improper battery management can lead to reduced performance, shortened lifespan, and safety risks. This project focuses on designing a comprehensive monitoring and charging system that addresses these challenges, ensuring optimal battery operation, longer lifespan, and improved efficiency.

I. INTRODUCTION

Batteries are crucial power sources for a wide range of devices and systems, including electric vehicles, telecommunications infrastructure, and industrial equipment. Battery storage forms the most important part of any electric vehicle (EV) as it stores the necessary energy for the operation of EV. So, in order to extract the maximum output of a battery and to ensure its safe operation it is necessary that an efficient battery management system exist the same. It monitors the parameters, determine SOC, and provide necessary services to ensure safe operation of battery. However, improper battery management can lead to reduced performance, shortened lifespan, and safety risks. There is need to designing a comprehensive monitoring and charging system that addresses these challenges, ensuring optimal battery operation, longer lifespan, and improved efficiency.

The Dynamic Battery Charging System project aims to develop an advanced and efficient solution for managing and optimizing battery performance in various applications. This project offers numerous benefits across various industries. It enhances the reliability and lifespan of batteries, may be resulting in reduced maintenance costs and improved operational efficiency. The project contributes to a more sustainable and environmentally friendly approach to battery usage. Furthermore, the system promotes safety by incorporating protection mechanisms to prevent overcharging, overvoltage, and other potential hazards.

Overall, the Dynamic Battery Charging System project aims to revolutionize battery management by providing an advanced, efficient, and reliable solution for monitoring, optimizing, and charging batteries in various applications. The project's outcomes have the potential to greatly impact industries reliant on battery technology, enabling improved performance, longer lifespan, and enhanced safety in battery-powered systems.

II. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The aim of the DBCS project is to develop and implement an efficient and reliable system for the management of batteries in various applications. This system will enable real-time monitoring, optimized charging, and seamless switching between batteries, ensuring their longevity, performance, and uninterrupted power supply. The System will be able to achieve the following objectives:

a) Real-time Battery Monitoring:

To Develop a robust monitoring system that can accurately measure key parameters of batteries, including voltage, current, temperature, and state of charge (SoC), in real-time.

b) Battery Health Management:

To Develop strategies and protocols for extending battery lifespan by preventing overcharging and ensuring proper balancing of cells in multi-cell battery packs.

c) Automatic Battery Switching:

To Create a seamless switching mechanism that allows for automatic or manual switching between two batteries as needed, ensuring uninterrupted power supply in critical applications.

d) Safety and Fault Detection:

To Implement safety mechanisms to detect and respond to potential battery faults, such as overheating, overcurrent, or short-circuit conditions, to prevent accidents and damage.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM: -

The existing battery management systems suffering from inefficiencies, limited automation, inadequate monitoring capabilities, and a lack of scalability and adaptability. These shortcomings could lead to higher operational costs, reduced battery lifespan, and increased risks in critical applications. The Previous Battery Level Monitoring and Charging System project, has several limitations that need to be considered during new project design and implementation. Here are some limitations listed below:

- Battery Compatibility
- Cost
- Limited Battery Types
- User Interface
- Integration:
- Failure Predictability:
- User Training:

Understanding these limitations and addressing them during the project's planning and design phases is crucial for developing a practical and effective new system.

IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM:

In the context of a DBCS modules typically refer to distinct functional components that work together to achieve the project's goals. Here are some essential modules in a project:

- **Battery Monitoring Module:** This module is responsible for continuously monitoring the voltage, current, and temperature of the battery. It collects data and sends it to the central controller for analysis.
- **Charging Control Module:** The charging control module manages the charging process of the battery. It determines when to start, stop, or adjust the charging current based on the battery's state and requirements.
- **User Interface Module:** This module provides a user-friendly interface for users to interact with the system. It includes indicators for battery status, charging progresses.
- **Safety Module:** This module ensures that the battery charging process is safe by monitoring conditions like overheating, overcharging.
- **Alarm and Notification Module:** In case of critical battery conditions or errors, this module triggers alarms and notifications to alert users or system administrators.

These modules work together to create a comprehensive Dynamic battery charging System, ensuring efficient and safe management of the battery's health and charging process while providing a user-friendly interface and data analysis capabilities.

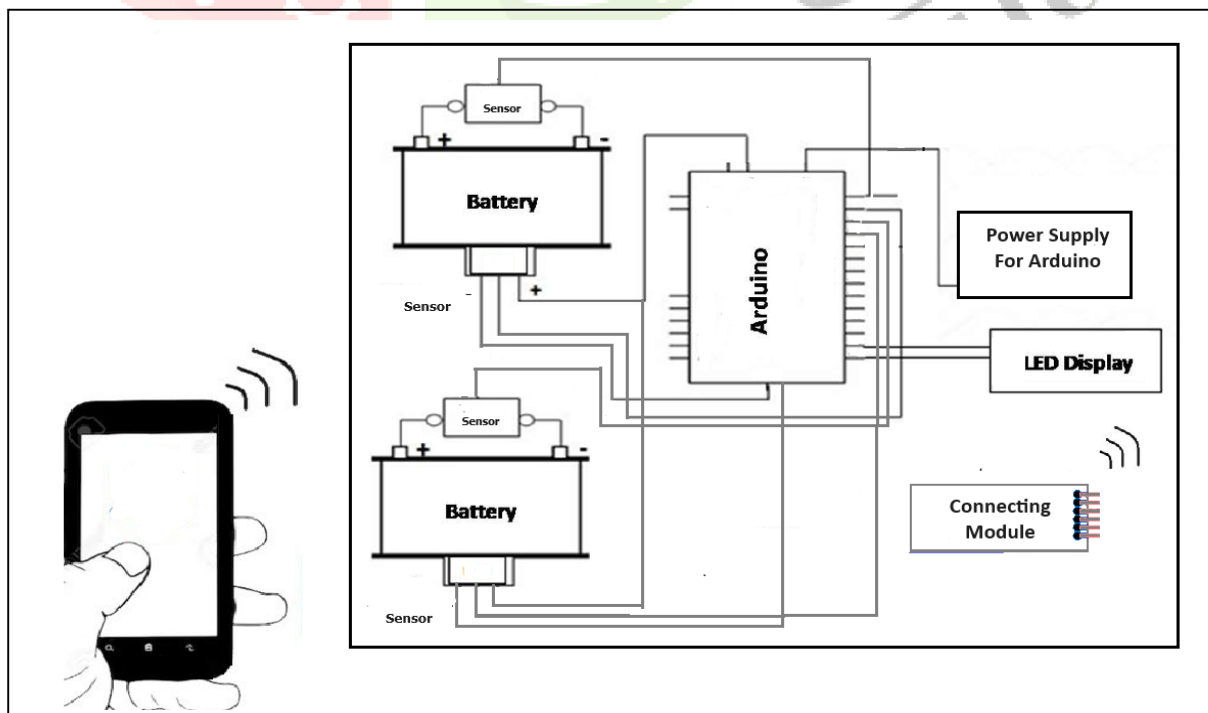


Fig 1: system design

V. METHODOLOGY: -

The project begins with the selection and integration of appropriate sensors to accurately measure the voltage, current, and temperature of the batteries. These sensors are connected to a microcontroller unit that processes the data and calculates the battery's state of charge (SoC) and state of health parameters. The calculated parameters are then displayed on screen for easy visualization. To ensure safe and efficient charging, the system incorporates a charging module that utilizes smart charging algorithms. These algorithms adjust the charging current and voltage based on the battery's SoC and temperature, preventing overcharging or undercharging. The charging module also provides protection mechanisms to safeguard the batteries from overcurrent, overvoltage, and excessive temperature. Furthermore, the system includes an intelligent mechanism that seamlessly transfers loads between batteries, guaranteeing uninterrupted power supply. The integration of DBCS enhances energy efficiency, minimizes downtime, and improves overall system reliability.

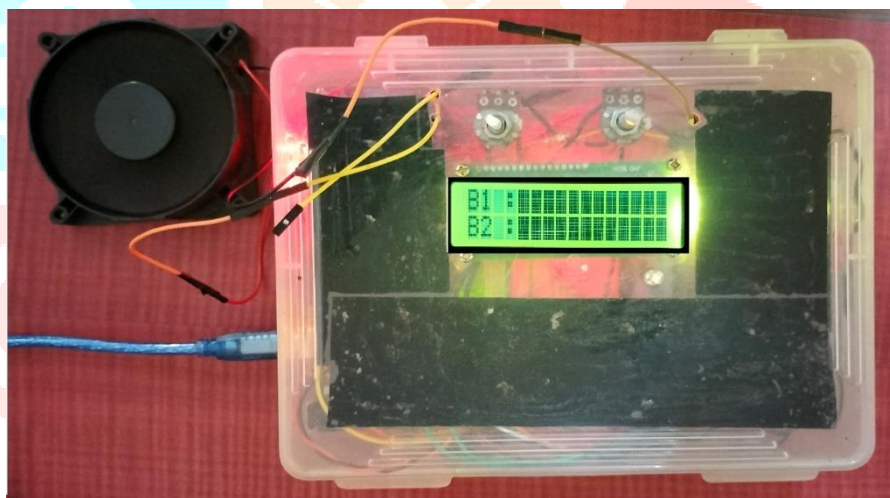


Fig 2: system working model

VI. CONCLUSION:

The “Dynamic Battery Charging System” is successfully designed and Developed to fulfilling the necessary requirements, as identified in the requirements analysis phase, such as the system is very much user friendly. The old manual system was suffering from a series of drawbacks.

VII. ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

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