JCRT.ORG

ISSN: 2320-2882



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CREATIVE **RESEARCH THOUGHTS (IJCRT)**

An International Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

Dhatri Pindi In Management Of Pittaja Abhishyanda - A Case Study

¹ Gauri Nilim Badhe, ² Nilakshi S. Pradhan

¹P.G. Scholar, Shalakyatantra department, Sumatibhai Shah Ayurved Mahavidyalalaya, Hadapsar Pune- 28

²M.S. Ph.D.Shalakyatantra,

Professor and H.O.D. Shalakyatantra,

Sumatibhai Shah Ayurved Mahavidyalaya, Hadapsar, Pune-28

ABSTRACT -

Abhishyanda is one of the diseases among Sarvagata Netra Roga. The symptoms of Abhishyanda is similar to conjunctivitis. The inflammation of conjunctiva mainly occur in Abhishyanda, which can spread through Rakta . If Abhishyanda is not cured then it can causes Adhimantha associated with acute pain . The other compl<mark>ication may include Sandhigata Roga ,Shuklagata Roga, Krushnagata Roga , Shuklagata Roga and</mark> Vartmagata Roga etc. Ayurvedic classics mentioned various types of Abhishyanda Pittaja , Kaphaja , Vataja Raktaja Abishyanda . The symptoms of Pittaja Abhishyanda is Daha (burning sensation) , Prapak , inflammatory suppuration), Shishirabhinandata (longing for coldness in the eyes), Ushnashruta (excessive hot lacrimation).1

Keywords – Abhishyanda, Conjunctivitis, Pittaja Abhishyanda.

Introduction-

There are 17 Sarvagata Netra Roga explained by Acharya Sushruta. Abhishyanda is one among them. The symptoms of Pittaja Abhishyanda are Daha , Prapak , Shishirabhinandata , Dhoomayana , Ushnashruta. Symptoms of conjunctivitis is similar to Abhishyanda in Ayurveda. Conjunctivits is condition of eye involving inflammation of conjunctiva mainly occurs due to infection of membrane. The condition causes irritation and discomfort. Pindi is line of treatment explained by Acharya Sharangadhara for Abhishyanda 2. Pindi is medicated gauze which can be applied, burning sensation and discharge reduced.

Study Rationale -

Purpose of this study is find solution treating Pittaja Abhishyanda instead of providing temporary effect and recurrence with Ayurvedic procedure as an alternative for repeated use of steroidal and antibiotic application as symptomatic treatment.

Case report-

Case History:

A 22 year old male patient visited outpatient department of Ophthalmology on 8th August 2023 with complaints of burning sensation, discharge, redness and pain in right eye since one day. No any medical and surgical history. No any allergy known till now. After assessing the cause and symptoms Ayurvedic diagnosis was made as Pittaja Abhishyanda.

Personal History Diet – Vegeterian Appetite - Moderate Addiction – No any

> Micturation – Normal Sleep – Normal - Regular Bowel

Ashtavidha Pariksha -

1. Nadi : Pittapradhana 5. Shabda : Spasta 2. Mala: Prakruta 6. Sparsha: Anushna

3. Mutra: Samyaka Pravrutti : Dakshina Netralalima 7. Druk

4. Jiva : Sama 8. Akruti : Krusha

Local examination of Right eye -

Lid : Swelling present Sclera : Congestion present Conjunctiva : Congestion present

Cornea : Clear

Pupil : Normal in sight and reacting to light

Lens : Normal **Anterior Chamber: Normal**

Treatment given -

Patient was treated with application of *Pindi* thrice a day for a course of 7 days after taking written informed consent at the OPD . Follow up after every 3 days was taken and regression in symptoms was noted .

Materials used for procedure -

Dhatri Choorna, Gauze piece, sterile water.







IJCR

Standard operating procedure -

Preparation of Pindi -

Dhatri paste was prepared by mixing sufficient amount of water in Dhatri Choorna . Then it was covered by gauze piece.

Local examination of eye -

Local examination of the eye was done under a slit lamp biomicroscope. Congestion over sclera was noted.

After 7 days i.e. on 16-8-23 there was complete relief from symptoms of Pittaja Abhishyanda .

A noticeable relief in burning sensation, pain, discharge from the right eye was notified by the patient on 4th day of treatment.

Procedure of application-

A) Poorvakarma –

- Wash hands with water.
- Clean right eye and the surroundings with wet gauze piece.

B) Pradhan Karma -

- Patient is given supine position with closed eyes.
- Dhatri Pindi is applied under aseptic precaution on right eye.



C) Paschatkarma –

- Pindi is removed after 10-15 minutes.
- Right eye clean with sterile water.

Results and Observations -

Assessment Criteria -

Signs and symptoms were assessed along with photographs taken before and after the treatment.

Table 1- Observation table:



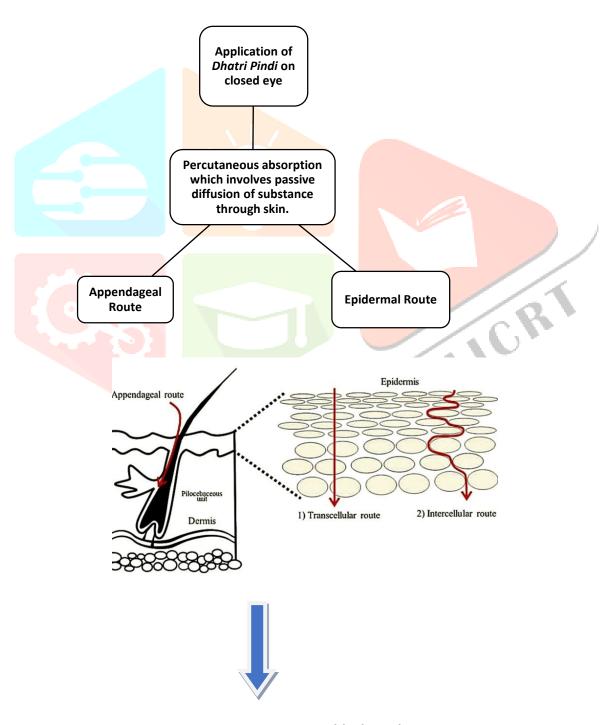
Table 2 - TAS gradation for Pittaja Abhishyanda –(According to Sushrutacharya)³

Signs and symptoms Score		Gradation		
Prapaka	0	No suppuration		
	1	Ama Aavastha		
	2	Pachyamana Avastha		
	3	Pakwa Avastha		
	4	Prapaka Avastha		
Daha	0	No <i>Daha</i> is present		
	1	Daha is present and tolerable and not affect routine work		
	2	Daha is present and not tolerable and affect routine wor		
		but relieved by cold fomentation .		
	3	Daha is present and not tolerable and affect routine work		
		and not relieved .by cold fomentation		
Shishirabhinandata	0	Absence of Shishirabhinandata		
	1	Shishirabhinandata after 1 to 3 times of cold fomentation in		
		a day		
	2	Shishirabhinandata after 4 to 6 times of cold fomentation in		
		a day		
	3	Shishirabhinandata after more than 6 times of cold		
		fomentation		
Dhoomayana	0	No Dhoomayan is present		
	1	Dhoomayan is present and tolerable and not affect routine		
		work		
	2	Dhoomayan is present and not tolerable and affect routine		
		work but relieved by cold fomentation		
	3	Dhoomayan is present and not tolerable and affect routine		
Darah a sa susurah sura	0	work and not relieved by cold fomentation.		
Bashpasamushaya (Ashrubahulya)	0	35mm />5 min		
	1	35 mm/ > 4 min		
	2	35 mm/>3 min		
	3	35mm/>2 min		
Ushnashruta	0	No Ushnashruta		
	1	Ushnashruta is present upto Kaninak Sandhi (inner canthus		
)		
	2	Ushnashruta dribbles drop by drop		
	3	Ushnashruta Dribbles more than 5 times in a day with		
		continuous dribbiling		
Peetaknetrata	0	No yellowness of eye		
1		Pale yellowness of eye		
	2	Yellowness of eye		
	3	Dark yellowness of eye		

Table 3- Tabular presentation of signs and symptoms on follow up -

Signs and symptoms	Day 0	Day 3	Day7
Prapaka	1	0	0
Daha	2	1	0
Shishirabhinandata	0	1	0
Dhoomayana	1	1	0
Ashrubahulya	1	0	0
Ushnashruta	1	0	0
Peetakanetrata	1	0	0

Mode of action of Dhatri Pindi:



Treat Pittaja Abhishyanda

Samprapti -

Causative factors such as exposure to dust, glare of sun, sleep in the day time and keeping up late hours in night etc.



Pitta Dosha Sira Anusaran and localised inside the Netra region



Produces Daha, Prapaka, Ushnashruta in Netra region



Pittaja Abhishyanda

Samprapti Bhanga -

Application of Dhatri Pindi on Netra



It reduces Pitta due to Madhura Rasa and Sheeta Guna



Treat Pittaja Abhishyanda

Discussion -

In modern Science conjunctivitis is treated by topical instillation of antibiotic eye drops. Pindi acts through percutaneous absorption which involves passive diffusion of substance through skin. The defusional Routes penetrate normal intact skin involve two routes -Appendageal and epidermal route . Appendageal route involves transport through sweat glands and hair follicles. Epidermal route may take either transcellular intra or inter cellular pathways.4

Conclusion -

The patient is suffering from conjunctivitis which is treated with application of *Dhatri Pindi*. *Pindi* helps in retaining the medicine over eye for longer duration .Thus treating it with *Pindi* be a considerable therapy .

Further scope of study -

- Study can be done on larger population for longer duration of time as it has less to no side effects.
- Study can be done on treating conjunctivities by using other Kriyakalpas than Pindi.

References -

- 1. Acharya Yadavji Trikamji Sushrut Samhita Uttartantra Adhyaya 6 shlok no.7 , published by Chaukhamba Subharati Prakashan Varanasi, page no. 603.
- 2. Bramhananda Tripathi Sharangdhar Samhita Uttarkhand Adhyaya 13 shlok no. 26 , published by Chaukhamba Subharati Prakashan Varanasi, page no. 280.
- 3. THE GRADATIONS OF SHALAKYATANTRA PART -1 (NETRA ROG), 05 Gradition of Sarvakshigat Vyadhi ,THE ASSOCIATION OF SHALAKI – TAS INDIA 2019 , Page no.91,92.
- 4. S.N.et.al. Pindi and Bidalaka A review ,Available at <u>www.jaims.in</u>

