BIOMETRIC CONTROLLED ATM MACHINE EMBEDDED WITH GSM TECHNOLOGY FOR OTP

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Abstract: The principle point of this paper is, to propose the framework which is utilized for ATM security managing an account application. The utilization of the ATM has expanded throughout the decades which has compelled us to utilize biometric for individual interesting distinguishing proof to acquire abnormal state security and precision. This paper depicts the substitution of ATM cards and sticks by biometric test confirmation. Moreover the element one time secret word bestows protection to clients and liberates client from reviewing pins and simple burglary incase of robbery. In this framework, the veritable client's biometric are selected and are put away in databases, when the exchange start and the biometric are cross checked and along these lines recognize from true blue client and the phony ones. A GSM module associated with arduino will send the 4 digit code that is created by framework to the real client's portable number. After the substantial OTP is entered the client can start exchange that he needs to do. On the off chance that incase there is any phony confirmation endeavors then the record is blocked. In this the biometric test utilized is unique finger impression coordinating. In this paper the test comes about are gotten on the informational collection of unique finger impression continuously utilizing unique finger impression module with particulars coordinating calculation.

Index terms – Authentication, Biometrics, Circular Hough transformation, Minutiae matching algorithm, Global system for mobile communication (GSM), one time password (OTP).

1. INTRODUCTION

ATM is the electronic keeping money machine, which encourages the client to do exchange without the assistance of bank staffs. With the assistance of the ATM one can do numerous managing an account activity like withdrawal of cash, statement of cash, online installments and so forth in whenever and at wherever. The overflow of ATM expanded in their number as well as expanded in the extortion assaults on it. This require the biometric framework to be coordinated into conventional ATM as biometric test of oneself is one of a kind. In this paper we talk about one of the biometric measures as the way to improve the security for both client and financiers.

Biometric test can be Fingerprint examining, Face acknowledgment, Iris filtering and so forth. In any case, the present quick life nobody needs to remain in long lines for keeping money transaction, customer don’t need to sit tight for a really long time along these lines a large number of utilization are utilizing ATM machine. Quick improvement of saving money has different focal points and drawbacks to managing an account exercises and exchanges are the approach of computerized teller machine (ATM). ATMs are electronic managing an account machines situated in better places and the clients can make essential exchange in a transient timeframe. In this framework, the veritable client’s biometric are selected and are put away in databases, whereas the cardholder or the chosen one tries to get to the ATM; they should select the unique finger impression based biometric test. Moreover the element one time secret word bestows protection to clients and liberates client from reviewing pins and unauthorised assaults of the ATM.

1.1. Objective

In the present quick life nobody needs to remain in long lines for keeping money transation, customer don’t need to sit tight for a really long time along these lines a large number of utilization are utilizing ATM machine. Quick improvement of saving money has different focal points and drawbacks to managing an account exercises and exchanges are the approach of computerized teller machine (ATM). ATMs are electronic managing an account machines situated in better places and the clients can make essential exchanges without the guide of bank staffs. With the assistance of ATM the client can play out a few managing an account activity like withdrawal of cash, statement of cash, online installments, paying different home use charges like power, and telephone charge. Our goal is enhance the security and avoid misrepresentation assaults of the ATM.

1.2. Motivation

The utilization of the biometric as a secret key has made the ATM framework more solid and secured. The OTP idea added to the framework additionally upgrades the security and stays away from the requirement for us to recollect passwords. Advance the framework is based on installed innovation which makes it easy to understand and non-obtrusive. Utilizing this framework the ATM exchange is secured from flame and unauthorised assaults.

1.3. Problem statement

While utilizing bank we utilize our locker scratch for our saving money and keeping in mind that doing ATM transaction we utilize ATM card and its secret key. Biometric validation in the framework isn’t engaged with the current ATM process. In the past execution in ATM, RFID Card advances are utilized for verification and four digit stick as secret word is utilized yet these are all may give a shot for theft if the card is lost. More level of validation is required for the current system. Moreover CCTV camera are utilized however this sort of framework won’t give moment alarm to the particulars. Cheats assaulting the robotized teller machine have expanded throughout the decade which has propelled us to utilize the biometrics for individual recognizable proof to obtain abnormal state of security and precision and includes quick response on misbehavior. This paper depicts a framework that replaces the ATM cards and PINs by the biometric unique mark. Also, the component of one time secret word (OTP) grants the second level of validation and fixes the security.
II. RELATED WORKS

In the past few years robbery of ATM card is increasing, in the present system pin number is used for ATM transaction security, which can be easily stolen, guessed or misused by many ways with this one can lose his money. This motivated us to increase user security by adding the biometric and OTP to the existing system. It also put forward some issues which include sensor durability and time consumption. And some queries like “user lose how much if his card is misused?” and “to withdraw a low amount is it really advisable to go through the entire biometric process?”. As a solution we introduce a constraint on transactions by ATM involving biometric (finger print) to improve the system performance and to solve the issues. We are adding a limit on amount of cash, if the entered amount is more than the limit, it is necessary to present biometric. If one need to withdraw the minimum cash, biometric scanning is not mandatory only will enter the OTP for user authentication. It help users to save time and maintain sensor performance by not furnishing their biometric for few hundred apart from maintaining security.

Identification and verification of a person today is a common and crucial thing; which include lock system, safe box and vehicle control or even at accessing bank accounts via Automated teller machine, etc which is requisite for securing personal information. The traditional methods like ID card verification or signature does not issue perfection and reliability. Rapid development of banking technology has changed the way banking activities are dealt with. One banking technology that has impacted positively and negatively to banking activities and transactions is the advent of automated teller machine (ATM). The systems employed at these places must be fast enough and robust too. Use of the ATM (Automatic Teller Machine) that provides clients with the suitable note commerce is facing a brand new challenge to hold on the valid identity to the customer. Since, in standard identification ways with ATM, criminal cases are increasing creating financial losses to customers. For resolution the bugs of early ones, the author styles a new ATM terminal client recognition systems. The chip of S3C2440 is used for the core of microchip in ARM9, moreover, Associate in Having improved enhancement algorithm of fingerprint image increase the security that client use the ATM machine. This system can be employed at any application with enhanced security because of the uniqueness of fingerprints. It is convenient due to its low power requirement and portability.

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ARM7 Based Smart ATM System is designed to add more security to the ATM systems by using biometric, OTP and Accelerometer sensor. In our proposed system, Bankers will collect the customer’s fingerprints and mobile number while opening the account then only customers can access the ATM machine. The primary step of this project is to verify currently scanned fingerprint with the fingerprint which is registered in the bank. If it finds as a valid then ATM machine, will ask 4 digit pin which is fixed. If the 4 digit code matches with entered pin then system will automatically generates another different 4 digit code i.e. OTP. And that code will be message to the customer registered mobile number. Here customer has to enter this code again. After entering OTP, System will check whether entered code is valid or not. And if it is valid, the customer is allowed for further accessing. Also Accelerometer sensor is used in order to provide security for the ATM machine.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM

In the current framework it is bit hard to maintain a strategic distance from the extortion assaults like at whatever point a man lost his atm card he needs to call the comparing bank and later piece the atm. So it takes additional time inside that time assiant can pull back the cash by hacking the password. This is disadvantage of the current framework this has raised a significant issue against one's financial balance security.

VI. PROPOSED SYSTEM

Essentially ATMs are organized and associated with a concentrated PC, which controls the ATM machines. The utilization of biometric recognizable proof is conceivable at an ATM which helps security. Here first all the data of client or customer is to be put away at a bank office or Network Provider at the season of opening the record and after that no one but client can get to the ATM machine. Ordinary ATM has two info gadgets (a card peruser and keypad) and four yield devs (show screen, money distributor, receipt printer, and speaker). Imperceptible to the customer is an interchanges instrument that connections the ATM specifically to an ATM have arrange. The ATM capacities much like a PC, it accompanies a working framework (typically OS/2) and application programming for the UI and interchanges. While most ATMs utilize attractive strip cards and individual distinguishing proof numbers (PINs) to recognize account holders, different frameworks may utilize keen cards with unique mark approval. The ATM advances data read from the customers cards and the customers demand to a host processor, which courses the demand to the concerned monetary organization. On the off chance that the cardholder is asking for money, the host processor signals from the client's ledger to the host processor's record.

Once the assets have been exchanged, the ATM gets an endorsement code approving it to apportion money. This correspondence, confirmation, and approval can be conveyed in a few ways. Rented line, dial-up or remote information connections might be utilized to associate with a host framework, contingent upon the cost and dependability of the foundation. The host frameworks can live at a customer's establishment or be a piece of foundation. The host frameworks can dwell at a customer's foundation or be a piece of an EFT organize. The EFT arrange bolster the unique finger impression confirmation. Purpose of-offer administrations that utilization biometric arrangements are likewise conceivable. With the unique mark redesign strategy and iris acknowledgment strategy we additionally implanted the GSM system. That the GSM modem interfaces with microcontroller. That will send the 4 digit code to the user(when the card embed by the principle client or chosen one the 4 digit number just send to the primary client just for the information of the fundamental client). After enter the 4digit number the exchange will start. The client may do the exchanges like store exchange, money withdrawal, scaled down articulation, charge installment, adjust enquire. After every one of the exchanges done the card will turns out from the machine. Thusly by utilizing GSM innovation alongside unique mark biometrics we can keep more secure even from the chosen one so they if even candidate ought not ready to do exchange without knowing the principle client. Hence we can again maintain a strategic distance from the security issues what we look in the past works.
4.1. Design process

The framework configuration process segments the necessities to either equipment or programming frameworks. It builds up general framework design. Programming configuration includes speaking to the product framework works in a shape that might be changed into at least one executable programs. The configuration process is as appeared in fig 3.1 includes building up a few models of the framework at various levels of reflection. The outline procedure is partitioned into programming plan and equipment plan.

V. IMPLEMENTATION AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

In the proposed framework we display an extortion location technique utilizing one biometrics to recognize different kinds of illicit access endeavors amid the ATM exchange. The target of the proposed framework is to upgrade the security of the ATM exchange utilizing biometric acknowledgment systems. In this framework ARM7 based LPC2148 controlling is utilized for shrewd ATM acces. The unique mark module uses the particulars based calculation for unique mark acknowledgment it catches the unique mark of the individual and contrasts it and the finger impression of the honest to goodness client that put away in the database. On the off chance that the individual is a substantial client the controller will show a message "Legitimate PERSON" on the LCD. The USB camera is utilized to catch the eye picture of the client. A GUI arranged in Mat lab in light of Circular Hough Transform is utilized for iris acknowledgment. After iris verification and coordinating if the individual is a genuine client then the controller shows a message "Picture IDENTIFIED" on the LCD. After the approval consequence of the individual is genuine a 3 digit code is informed to the client's enlisted versatile number which was spared in the database amid enlistment. This procedure is done through the GSM module which is interfaced to the ARM board. Contingent upon whether the OTP entered is right or wrong messages like" CORRECT CODE "or "Reemerge CODE" is shown on the LCD. After the entered code is discovered substantial the keeping money process starts and a message "BAL, DEP, WTD" for entering the choice for the assignment to be performed is shown on the LCD. After the undertaking is performed at last a message "Exchange COMPLETED" is shown on the LCD.

5.1 Methodology Of Proposed System

This framework comprises of two sort of verification. To start with it confirm by the unique mark next is iris and afterward getting the OTP stick last it validate by the onetime secret key which is send by GSM modem to the primary client portable number. The usefulness of the framework will clarify by the beneath steps.

Stage 1: Match the unique finger impression, if your unique mark matches with the pre-introduced one then the first confirmation is finished.
Stage 2: Enroll the unique mark. The client unique mark officially spared in the database. In the event that confirmation disappointment implies subsequent stage takes after.
Stage 3: if first and second process is finished then client will get an OTP as a SMS with the assistance of GSM; he/she have to enter that OTP utilizing keypad.
Stage 4: If OTP coordinates at that point bank subtle elements will be shown in plain view or else the alarm message will go to the bank administrator.
Stage 5: Then the transaction starts after culmination of exchange the client will get a SMS of the paticulars.

Fig 1: Proposed system block representation.

ATM banking machine
Enroll fingerprint
Fingerprint recognition Method
GSM sends OTP to the user
Enter OTP using Keypad
If OTP is correct get bank details like user having account
Transaction Process
Fund transfer
Mini statement
Bill payment
Cash withdraw
Balance check
Transaction Completed and remove Card
Wrong authentication
Wrong OTP
Alert message will be sent to bank manager

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VI. PROPOSED BIOMETRIC IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES

6.1. Minutiae Based Fingerprint Recognition

The unique fingerprint picture experiences preprocessing stages like binarization which utilizes settled limit to change over a dim scale picture to a paired picture and afterward continues to diminishing procedure to decrease the thickness of all edge lines to a solitary pixel width after which an underlying code is produced, preceding the secured last code. The code piece comprises of five sub-squares put inside the header and trailer. The unique mark picture acknowledgment go about as first level of bio-metric confirmation.

- Type: It indicates the end and bifurcation focuses. Three bytes are distributed for this parameter.
- Orientation: Each minutia point faces a specific course. It is either clockwise (CW) or counter clockwise (CC).
- Spatial Frequency: shows the separation of the edges in the area of the minutia point. It's deliberate in pixels and just a single byte is designated for this parameter.
- Curvature: Is the rate of progress of edge introduction. It is likewise estimated in pixels and one byte is distributed for this parameter.
- Position: shows its x, y area. It is ascertained in with respect profoundly or delta focuses One byte is assigned for this parameter. An underlying code string of 14 bytes is created relying upon these highlights and it is spared in the database. Later this code is gone through the restricted hash MD5 calculation to create a secured multipurpose code.

VII. USING GSM TECHNOLOGY FOR GENERATION OF OTP

Worldwide System for Mobile Communication is a computerized cell innovation with the assistance of which we can transmit both voice and information administrations working at 800MHz, 900 MHz, 1800 MHz and 1900MHz recurrence groups. It utilizes Time division multiple for correspondence and can convey 64kbps to 120Mbps of information rate. With the unique mark and iris redesign strategy we additionally installed the GSM system. That the GSM modem interfaces with microcontroller. That will send the 3 digit code to the client. After enter the 3 digit number the exchange will start.

7.1. GSM Module Working

The SIM card mounted on the GSM modem on getting SMS from some other versatile conveys the information to the microcontroller through serial communication. At charges control the GSM modem.

7.2. OTP Working

A watchword which is substantial just for a solitary exchange is a One Time Password.

Generation of Random Number:

Produces a Pseudo-Random Number Sequence. Leave it alone (YK)

\[ YK+1= (a\times YK +I) \mod m \] ...

\[ a\text{-multiplier, } I\text{-increase, } m\text{-modulus.} \]

VIII. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

8.1. Results for Fingerprint module

At the point when a unique mark was put on the NITGEN 3030 unique finger impression acknowledgment gadget it caught a 3D dark scale picture in the wake of examining the unique mark and a 256×288 pixels picture was put away in bitmap organize. Key particulars were extricated utilizing a details based calculation which changed over it into a novel scientific format that could be contrasted with a 60 digit watchword. This format was put away in the database after encryption. At the point when a similar client's new unique finger impression picture was caught another layout of that question picture was made in an indistinguishable way from it was finished amid enlistment. This new format was contrasted and the layouts in the database and a message "Substantial PERSON" was shown on the LCD yet when another phony client experienced a similar procedure a message "Individual NOT IDENTIFIED" was shown and the ringer turned on. The details coordinating calculation inside the module gives around 75-80% precision.

In the proposed system the hardware required are Arduino MEGA board, fingerprint scanner, tilt sensor, LCD display, GSM module, GPS system, DC motor, tilt sensor as shown in the fig 1. The Arduino uses ATmega2560 datasheet.

Fig 2: Proposed system representation.
8.2. Results for OTP generation

After the legitimate biometric recognizable proof a message "ACCESS CODE" SMS was gotten on the client's enlisted portable number at the same time a message "ENTER THE CODE" was shown on the LCD. After the substantial code was entered the framework continued towards the managing an account procedure. In any case, when the wrong code was entered a SMS "Obscure PERSON TRYING TO ACCESS" was gotten on the client's enrolled portable number.

The OTP is one time password which is received to the account holder mobile number. Then the OTP is entered to the system if matched fig 5, following the transaction can be carried out.

8.3. Results for Banking Process

The framework is sustained with a default sum 999. So when a withdrawal of 100 was done the adjust sum demonstrated 899.

IX. CONCLUSION

The utilization of the biometric as a secret word has made the ATM exchange framework more dependable and secured. The OTP idea added to the framework additionally improves the security and dodges the requirement for us to recollect passwords. Besides the framework is based on installed innovation which makes it easy to use and non-intrusive. Utilizing this framework the ATM terminal is secured from criminal assaults. The system demonstrates that the normal exactness of the general framework is 91.6% and the normal equivalent blunder rate is 0.076.
The time taken for the general ATM exchange is under 10 sec for every client. The proposed framework and the past ATM exchange frameworks and demonstrates that the precision and security of the proposed framework is greatest and comes to up to 95%.

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