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A STUDY ON BRAND PREFERENCE OF THE WASHING POWDER WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO SURF EXCEL IN SIVAKASI TALUK

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Abstract

"The only goose that lays golden eggs every day... forever... is your customer".

It was John Wanamaker, owner of a Philadelphia department store in 60's, Coined the phrase, "The customer is always right" later, through years the value of customer is always right" later through years the value of customer has also reached its pinnacle. In 1990's the consumer was considered as king or queen, and total "Customer is the boss". As competition has increased, so the needs of the customer, so the needs of the customer, so the needs of the customer are becoming paramount

MEASURING CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

To understand regarding the value of their offering to customers, firms must understand how satisfied existing and potential customers are with their current offerings. This type of focus on measuring customer satisfaction is much important in today's competitive business environment useful measures of customer satisfaction should examine to both.

Customer's perceptions concerning law well the firm is meeting those expectations. Any gaps where consumer's expectations exceed their recent experiences may indicate fruitful areas for the firm to work at improving customer value and satisfaction. Such measurements must be made periodically to determine 'whether the actions taken have been effective or not. This paper analysis that the brand preference of the washing powder with special reference to Surf excel in Sivakasi.

Key words:

Customer, brand, behaviour, business environment, product, satisfaction

Introduction:

"The only goose that lays golden eggs every day... forever... is your customer".

It was John Wanamaker, owner of a Philadelphia department store in 60's, Coined the phrase, "The customer is always right" later, through years the value of customer is always right" later through years the value of customer has also reached its pinnacle. In 1990's the consumer was considered as king or queen, and total "Customer is the boss". As competition has increased, so the needs of the customer, so the needs of the customer, so the needs of the customer are becoming paramount.

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To understand regarding the value of their offering to customers, firms must understand how satisfied existing and potential customers are with their current offerings. This type of focus on measuring customer satisfaction is much important in today's competitive business environment useful measures of customer satisfaction should examine to both.

Customer expectations and preferences concerning the various dimensions of product and service dimensions of product and service click quality performance, on-time services etc.

Customer's perceptions concerning law well the firm is meeting those expectations. Any gaps where consumer's expectations exceed their recent experiences may indicate fruitful areas for the firm to work at improving customer value and satisfaction. Such measurements must be made periodically to determine 'whether the actions taken have been effective or not.

STUDYING CONSUMER BEHAVIOR

What motivates the buyer? What induces him to buy? Why does he shift his preferences from one shop to another or does he buy a specific brand from a particular shop? Why shifting from one brand to another?

There is no unified, well defined, tested, and universally established theory of: The buyer is a riddle, he is a complex identity.

LITERATURE REVIEW OF SOME RESEARCHIES

Here, the researches present some of the research topics and findings relation to FMCGS (Fast moving consumer Goods).

The research paper titled, "How sales promotion offers can be prime evolution of a Brand name", done by Boush, David (1993). The primary aim of this study was to find out the impact of the sales promotion offers play a vital role on the valuation of a brand name.

The dissertation work entitled, "The effect of sequential introduction of sales promotion offers," done by Keller, Kevin lane and Aakes, David (1992). "The primary objective of this research work was to find out the impact of sequential introduction of sales promotion offers. The major findings show that the sequential introduction of sales promotion offers help for increasing the sales as well as decreasing the reputation of the brand name

Nirma, which pioneered the low-cost detergent powder, succeeded with its high-visibility advertising campaign because customer's perceived value. Ex tending a brand to too many variants and categories, especially if the brand across related categories are advertised heavily, may confuse the consumers. Advertising could certainly work well even in today's context if it is conceptually associated with several marketing mix elements and brand associations.

Research agency ORG – MAG. AC Nielsen data reveals the current scenario. For the month of November 2005, sales of FMCG products continue to decline. With the expectation of skin care and shampoo, sales in other product segment such as packaged tea, toilet soaps, tooth pastes, detergent cakes, washing powders and tooth powders have declined in absolute terms.

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

All the washing powder in the country are providing a variety of products, which depict creativity and constant innovation of washing powders as per the needs of their customer base. The main reason for selecting this topic is to identify the innovative aspects in washing powders being offered by them and to give suggestions to enhance the quality of the same. This study aims at finding the consumers to prefer a particular brand in washing powders.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

The researcher has attempted to study the brand preference of the washing powders with special reference to surf excel in Sivakasi. What the consumers feel about the surf excel washing powders and what are all their expectations and how well the Hindustan Lever Limited is fulfilling their expectations are coming under the purview of the research. The study has been under taken from the point of view only consumers and not from the point of view of the wholesalers, retailers and manufacturers who deal with the washing powders.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The Present study is made an attempt to study the following objective.

- To know the consumers preference of washing powder with reference to Surf excel.
- 2. To find out the brand equity of different washing powder brands.
- 3. To know the level of satisfaction of consumers of surf excel and other washing powder brands.
- 4. To identify the level of influences of advertisements and after sales promotional efforts.
- 5. To know the effect of price changes on purchase decision of Washing powders.

HYPOTHESIS

The following hypothesis has formulated to fulfill the objective of the study.

1. The family monthly income and the likeness of the level of satisfaction to be appeared are independent.

METHODOLOGY

STUDY POPULATION:

The study population constitutes 200 consumers in Sivakasi Taluk.

SAMPLING TECHNIQUES:

Convenience sampling technique has been used with which consumers of surf excels washing powder.

DATA COLLECTION:

Much of the information is collected from primary data. The rest is collected from journals and books.

DATA ANALYSIS AND STATISTICAL TOOLS:

Interpretation analysis of data has been conducted by means of percentage, Chi square test techniques. Some of the less significant factors were omitted to perfect realistic interpretation of collected data both primary and secondary.

LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

- 1. The Sample of the study is only 200 persons, but there are more than 2,00,000 people (Approximately) in the study area. The results are based on the respondents of 200 persons only.
- 2. The results are applicable to the limited period only.
- 3. The area of the Study is also a small coverage
- 4. It is not the fact that respondents many give true answers. Only Consumer's view point has been studied.

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF DATA

The data analysis is carried out to extract meaningful information from the collected data. It could be done after the data has been collected. The collected data are first edited, coded and tabulated for the purpose of analyzing them. The editing, coding and tabulating is most when the researcher has huge amount of data.

TABLE – 1
FAMILY MONTHLY INCOME OF THE RESPONDENTS

S.No.	Family strength	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Below Rs.5000	65	32.5
2	Rs.5001 to 10000	90	45.0
3	Rs.10000 to 15000`	25	12.5
4	More than Rs.15000	20	10.0
	Total	200	100.0

Source: Primary data

This research reveals that 45% of the family's monthly income is Rs. 5001 to 10000 followed by 32.5% is below Rs.5000.

TABLE – 2 STIMULATED TO PURCHASE A PARTICULAR BRAND

S.No.	Stimulated to purchase	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Advertisements	55	27.5
2	price	19	09.5
3	Safety	13	06.5
4	Promotional offers	09	04.5
5	Quality	104	52.0
	Total	200	100.0

Source: Primary data

It is found that 52 % of the respondents are purchasing a particular brand for its quality and 26% of them are purchasing for advertisement.

TABLE – 3
CONSUMER'S PREFERENCE OF PRODUCT RANGE

S.No.	Product Range	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Sachet	35	17.5
2	200 grms	45	22.5
3	500 grms	94	47. <mark>0</mark>
4	Above 500 grms	26	13.0
	Total	200	100.0

Source: Primary data

The above tables shows, 47% of them prefer 500 grams followed by 22.5% of them prefer 200 grams.

Figure – 3.1 CONSUMER'S PREFERENCE OF PRODUCT RANGE

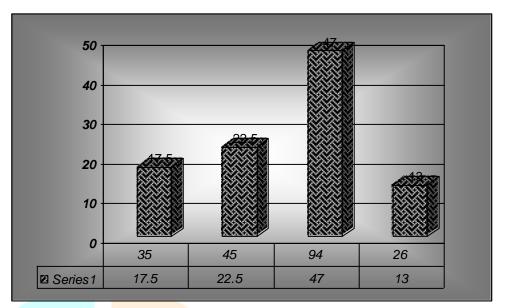


TABLE -4
FREQUENCY OF PURCHASING WASHING POWDER

S.No.	Frequent pur <mark>chase</mark>	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Daily	21	04.5
2	Once in month	104	52.0
3	Twice in a month	56	28.0
4	More than twice in a month	19	09.5
R	Total	200	100.0

Source: Primary data

The above table shows that arrange the total number of 200 respondents, 52% of them purchasing washing powder once in a month.

Figure -4.1
FREQUENCY OF PURCHASING WASHING POWDER

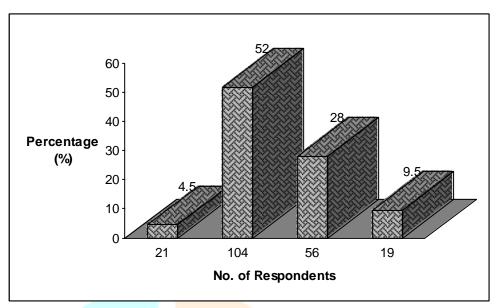


TABLE – 5
USAGE OF SURF EXCEL WASHING POWDER

S.No.	Usage		N <mark>o. of resp</mark> on	dents	Percentage (%)
1	Yes		185		92.5
2	No		15		07.5
	4.64	Total	200		100.0

Source: primary data

From the above table it is clear that among the total number of 200 respondents 92.5 of them are using Surf Excel washing powder and the rest 7.5% of them are not using the Surf Excel Washing powder.

TABLE -6

REASON FOR NOT PREFERRING SURF – EXCEL

S.No.	Reason for not-preferring	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Not aware	03	25.00
2	Costly	07	58.33
3	Not available	02	16.66
	Total	12	100.00

Source: Primary data

Among total number 09 of respondents (Not- preferring Surf Excel), 58.33% of the respondents are given the reason that it is costly, 16.66 are said it is an available and rest 25% are not aware.

TABLE – 6.1

RANKING THE PURPOSE FOR PREFERRING SURF EXCEL

		Ran	Ranking (No of times Ranked)				
S.No.	Particulars	1	2	3	4	5	Total
1	Price	28	72	46	26	16	188
2	Easy availability	41	54	64	17	12	188
3	Quality	26	28	43	70	21	188
4	Offers	-	20	17	65	86	188
5	Packing	15	20	40	63	50	188

It is the response of only 188 respondents, who prefer Surf Excel.

TABLE -6.2

RANKING THE PURPOSE FOR PREFERRING SURF EXCEL

(COMPOSITEINDICES)

			Ranking (Points)				Total
S.No.	Particula <mark>rs</mark>	5	4	3	2	1	
1	Price	115	264	74	44	24	521
2	Easy Availability	145	208	180	30	10	573
3	Quality	580	124	33	40	23	800
4	Offers	-	32	45	126	80	283
5	Packing	15	56	144	122	50	387

The consumer's responses the purpose for preferring Surf Excel have been studied by assigning ranks to them on the basis of their preference. All the 5 ranks have been considered for analysis and composite index number have been calculated. From the above table, it is clear that the consumers preferring Surf Excel for the purpose of its Quality, Stands place by scoring 800 points, and then consumers have given 2nd place easy availability followed by price feature (Securing 521 Points).

TABLE –7
REFERENCE OF WASHING POWDER BRANDS BY FAMILYMEMBERS

S.No.	Brands Using	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Rin	23	25.55
2	Wheel	14	15.55
3	Tide	15	16.66
4	Nirma	02	02.22
5	Mr. white	04	04.44
6	Ariel	27	30.00
7	Others	05	05.55
	Total	90	100.00

Source: primary data

From the above 90 respondents whose family members are using other than surf excel.

TABLE -8

RESPONDENTS'S AWARENESS ON SURF EXCEL ADVERTISEMENTS

S.No.	Awa	reness	No. of	respon	dents	Percentag	ge (%)
1	Yes	7		180		90	
2	No			20		10	
		Total		200		100	

Source: primary data

It is clear that among the total number of 200 customers, 90% of them have watched the advertisements relating to Surf Excel and 10% of them have not watched the advertisements relating to Surf Excel.

TABLE -9
RESPONDENT'S OPINION ON SUITABLE MEDIA FOR SURE EXCEL ADVERTISEMENT

S.No.	Media influenced	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Television	155	85.30
2	Radio	09	5.29
3	Magazines	06	3.53
4	Friends & Relatives	04	2.35
5	Sales persons	06	3.53
	Total	180	100.00

Source: primary data

Among 180 respondents, TV media influences 85.24 of them. Followed by 4.5% by radio 3.5% by sales personnel, 3.00% by magazines and rest 2.00% have been influenced by Friends and Relatives.

Figure 9.1
RESPONDENT'S OPINION ON SUITABLE MEDIA FOR SURE EXCEL ADVERTISEMENT

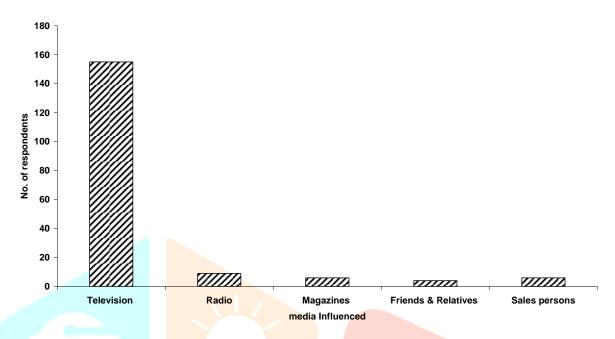


TABLE –10

NUMBER OF YEARS OF USING WASHING POWDER

S.No.	Number of years	No. of r <mark>espo</mark> ndents	Percentage (%)
1	Less than 1 years	32	16.00
2	One years	61	39.50
3	Two Years	58	29.00
4	Above two year	49	24.51
	Total	200	100.00

Source: Primary Data

It is interpreted that among the total number of 200 respondents, 30.5% of them consumers are 29% of the respondents using washing powder for two years and 24.51% of them are using for above two years and 24.51% of them are using for above two years and rest of the 16% of them using than one year.

TABLE -10
RESPONDENT'S OPINIONS ON THE PRICE OF SURF EXCEL

S.No.	Opinion on the price	No. of respondents	Percentage (%)
1	Higher	39	20
2	Medium	141	70.5
3	Cheaper	20	10
	Total	200	100

Source: Primary data

Out of 200 respondents, 70.5% of them feel that the price of the surf excel is medium, 20% of them feel it is high and 10% of them feel it is cheaper.

CHI – SQUARE TEST

HO: Hypothesis is that the family monthly income and the likeness of the level of satisfaction to be appeared are independent.

Family monthly inco	Belov	W	5001 –	10001 -	More than	Total		
(RS)		5000)	10000	15000	1500		
Very much satisfied	25		32	13	07	77		
Very satisfied		49		44	10	02	105	
Dissatisfied		00		02	02	03	07	
Very much dissatisfied		04		05	01	1	11	
Total		78		83	26	13	200	
					•			
11.70		14.26			3.84	2.19		
19.02		23.18	.18		6.24	3.57		
26.70		32.54			8.76	5.00		
2.56		3.12		0.86		0.48	0.48	
4.02		4.90			1.32 0.75			
200								
0	E		(0)-E)	$(O-E)^2$	(O-E	$(e^{-1})^2/E$	
15	11.7	0	3.	36	10.86	0.9	31	
19	19.0	2	-0	.02	0.0004	0.00	002	
26	26.7	0	-0	.70	0.49	0.01	.83	
0	2.56	5	-2.56		6.554	2.5	60	
4	4.02	2	-0.02		0.0004	0.00	009	
12	14.2	6	-2	.26	5.108	0.35	576	
24	23.1	8	0.82		0.672	0.02	290	
35 32.5		4	2.	46	6.052	0.18	360	
02 3.12		2	-1.12		1.254	0.40)19	
05 4.90)	0.10		0.01	0.00	0.0020	
05	3.85	5	1.	15	1.323	0.34	136	
7	6.24	ļ	0.76		0.578	0.578 0.092		
6	8.76	5	-2.76		7.618	0.86	0.8696	
2 0.84			1.	16	1.346	1.60)24	
1 1.32		2	-0	.31	0.102	0.07	773	

0	2.19	-2.19	4.796	2.1899
2	3.57	-1.57	2.465	0.6904
6	5	1	1	0.2
3	0.48	2.52	6.350	13.229
1	0.75	0.25	0.063	0.084
				23.86471

As shown in Test – II, the X^2 value is 23.86471, now we have to compare the tabular value with computed value X^2 value. To find tabular value, we have to find out the degree of freedom and level of significance. The degree of freedom in this case is:

Degree of freedom =
$$(c-1) \times (r-0)$$

= $(4-1) \times (5-1)$
= 12.

The company wants to use the level of significance as 0.05 (5%). The tabular value at 9 degree if freedom on .05 level of significance is 21.0. If we compare the computed and tabular value of x^2 , the researcher finds the computed value (X2: 23.86471) for exceeds the tabular value (21.0). Hence, hypothesis is rejected, i.e. the family monthly income and the likeness of the level of satisfaction appear to be dependents.

Result:

The family monthly income and the likeness of the level of satisfaction appears of the level of satisfaction appears to be dependent.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ❖ It is recommended that the company many introduce more promotional offers for increasing sales.
- The company should reduce the price of the surf excel, because it gives more impact while preferring.
- ❖ The company should concentrate on the advertisement relating to the varieties of surf excel.
- ❖ It is recommended that the company name may be used in advertisements because, most of the consumers not aware of the manufacturer's name. The Hindustan Lever Limited brand image may be helpful for first time users.
- ❖ The company is mostly highlighting their water consumption in advertisements than quality improvement. It is recommended that the company must give equal importance to inform the quality of the brand.
- ❖ The company may concentrate on the point of purchase display arrangements to promotion the sales, as tide & Arial doing.
- ❖ The profit margin of the retailers may be increased to promotion the sales.

CONCLUSION

This research is the brand preferences of washing powder with special reference to surf excel in Sivakasi Taluk. The main objective of those research studies is attained and the researcher gained knowledge in the area of preference of washing powder brands.

During the research, the customers have co-operated well and answered the questions best of their knowledge. The researcher understands the customer preference of different washing powder brand and it will be helpful to the detergent powder manufacturer to take decisions. In this research reopen the responses are analyzed and interpreted through tables and charts. The major findings of this research are that the sales promotion offered play a vital role for promotion the sales. Also it is found that frequent changes in the selling price will not support for increasing the sales volume and it affects the reputation of brand image. The researcher has given some suggestion to the marketer of detergent powder to overcome the competition.

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S.No	Magazines	Topics	Issue
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2.	Business India	In high Places	Apr 26, 2004
3	Business India	Focus on Growth	Jun 23, 2005
4	India today	The soap warriors	Apr 12, 2004

III. WEBSITES:

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