



Integrated Farming System using ML Algorithms

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Abstract: As we know about the way that, the greater part of Indians have farming as their occupation. Farmers as a rule have the attitude of planting a similar harvest, utilizing more manures and following the public decision. By taking a gander at the previous few years, there have been huge advancements in how machine learning can be utilized in different ventures and exploration. So we have wanted to make a framework where AI can be utilized in agribusiness for the improvement of Farmers. The overviewed research papers have given a harsh thought regarding utilizing ML with just one trait. We have the point of adding more characteristics to our framework and improve the outcomes, which can improve the yields and we can perceive a few examples for expectations. This framework will be valuable to legitimize which harvest can be filled in a specific locale.

Index Terms - Farming, Recommendation System, Machine Learning

I. INTRODUCTION

Crop production is also an advanced development that is influenced by soil and condition input parameters. Agriculture input parameters vary from field to field and farmer to farmer. Assortment such data on a much bigger space is also a discouraging task. However, the environmental condition data collected in Republic of India at every 1sq.m house in varied parts of the district is tabulated by Indian meteoric Department. The large such data sets is also used for predicting their influence on major crops of that individual district or place. There are utterly completely different foretelling methodologies developed and evaluated by the researchers everywhere the globe at intervals the sector of agriculture or associated sciences. A number of such studies are: Agricultural researchers in alternative countries have shown that tries of crop yield maximization through pro-pesticide state policies have semiconductor diode to dangerously high chemical usage. These studies have reported a correlation between chemical usage and crop yield [1] Agriculture is associate trade sector that is Benefiting powerfully from the event of detector technology, knowledge science, and machine learning (ML) techniques within the newest years.

These developments come to satisfy environmental and population pressures faced by our society, where reports indicate a demand for sturdy international agriculture yield increase to supply food for a growing population on a warmer planet. Most of the work tired the arena of yield foretelling via cc makes use of some quite remote sensing data over the farm. Agriculture seeks to increase and improve the crop yield and thus the standard of the crops to sustain human Be that as it may, inside the current time, people will in general require a parcel of like a shot liked positions. There are less, and less people worried about crop development. moreover, the consistent increment of the human populace makes the development of the yields at the appropriate time and perfect spot indeed, even a ton of fundamental, because the environment is dynamic and thusly the movements from conventional climate design are a ton of continuous than before fabricate. Food instability might be a disadvantage that can't be stayed away from, and people should assemble utilization of most recent imaginative advancements to make utilization of existing soil, water and cools to get bigger yields. The data hole between antiquated ways that of developing also, new rural advances might be survived if the PC code might be intended to demonstrate the intuitive effect of environmental factors, especially the effect of greatest occasions (for example warmth, rainfalls and overabundance water) happening at unique developing periods of yields.

The temperature change without a doubt influences the local and world food creation, accordingly arranging PC code to model harvest expectations need a new strategy for temperature change contemplates, circumstances for temperature change variation, and policymakers which will restrict the decimating impacts of climate on food give. Trial confirmation is utilized to shape natural condition zones that have seen changes in climate and water, the 2 most critical factors in ensuring an in the crop. The dirt sort will change over the long haul because of climate and nuisances, by expanding the worth of predicting, the occasional environment changes might be discovered and recorded in an incredibly convenient way. Later on, by victimization code supported machine learning, one can timely assess the activity impact and check come-at-able things that incorporate ascertained changes in atmospheric condition and water distribution. information is that the method of analyzing the experimental data collected over an amount and varied locations from utterly totally different views, extract trends or patterns {of information of data of info} and switch them into useful info for users. Users can then to boot reason and/or summarize the relationships discovered from the collected data

II. LITERATURE REVIEW:

Niketa et al 2016 [1] have indicated that the yield of the crop depends on the seasonal climate. In India, climate conditions vary flatly. Within the time of drought, farmers face serious issues. Thus this taken into thought they used some machine learning algorithms to assist the farmers to recommend the crop for the higher yield. They take various information from the previous years to estimate future information. They used SMO classifiers in rail to classify the results. The main factors that take into thought are minimum temperature, most temperature, average temperature, and previous year's crop data and yield data. Using SMO tool they classified the previous information into 2 categories that are high yield and low yield. The obtained result for the crop yield prediction exploitation SMO classifier offers less accuracy when compared to naïve Thomas Bayes, multilayer perceptron and Bayesian network

Eswari et al 2018 [2] have indicated that yield of the crop depends on the perception, average, minimum and most temperature. Apart, from that, they need taken another attribute named crop evapotranspiration. The crop evapotranspiration could be a operate of each the weather and growth stage of the plant. This attribute is taken into consideration to induce a decent call on the yield of the teams. They all collected the dataset with these attributes and send as input to the Bayesian network and classify into the 2 categories named true and false categories and compared with the determined classifications within the model with a confusion matrix and produce the accuracy. Finally, they complete that crop yield prediction with Naïve Thomas Bayes and Bayesian network offer high accuracy when put next to SMO classifier and prognostication the crop yield prediction in numerous climate and cropping scenarios are going to be useful.

Chlingaryana et al 2017 [3] indicated the most important consider the crop yield prediction is that the element level within the soil Nowadays remote sensing systems square measure principally utilized in call making. These remote sensing knowledge is employed to assist the farmers to improve the crop yield. Brobdingnagian remote sensing knowledge is employed to make a choice. Element is employed to enhance the crop yield and create the soil fertile. Machine Learning algorithms square measure used to create the choice. major factors we tend to square measure getting to take it into thought is element, variety of soil and yield analysis of previous knowledge of those factors square measure useful to form the accurate call and predict the yield and helps the farmer. Now a day's preciseness agriculture is employed to enhance the yield and giving suggestion to farmers. It uses data technology to make sure the crop and soil.it says however they have to optimize the assembly and health of the soil. The obtained results square measure back-propagation neural network is employed to urge different eater incidents. The traditional neural network of long run memory to predict feature knowledge

Dakshayini Patil the least bit 2017 [4] indicated that rice crop plays a significant role within the economy. They used numerous information mining techniques to predict the yield of the rice crop. Rice crop is that the property security of Republic of India. In general, it contributes four-hundredth to the overall yield. High yield of the crop is based on the suitable atmospheric condition. Learning a much better strategy to grow the crop in line with the atmospheric condition can improve the crop yield. The reports utilize numerous mining techniques supported the previous information of the crop yield and different environmental condition regions. In this, the authors used information of twenty seven regions of geographical region to predict the yield of the crop.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM:

Prediction of the crop yield mistreatment the economical algorithmic rule and recommend amount} quantity of fertilizer ought to be accustomed get the correct yield for the crop Evaluating your machine learning algorithmic program is a vital a part of any project. Your model could provide you with satisfying results once evaluated employing a metric say accuracy score however could offer poor results once evaluated against alternative metrics like logarithmic loss or the other such metric. Most of the days we have a tendency to use classification

Mean square Error (MSE) is sort of like Mean Absolute Error, the sole distinction being that MSE takes the typical of the sq. of the distinction between the initial values and also the foreseen values. The advantage of MSE being that it's easier to reckon the gradient, whereas Mean Absolute Error needs sophisticated applied mathematics tools to reckon the gradient. As, we have a tendency to take sq. of the error, the result of larger errors become a lot of pronounced then smaller error, thence the model will currently focus a lot of on the larger errors. Confusion Matrix because the name suggests provides United States of America a matrix as output and describes the entire performance of the mode By using these metrics to measure the accuracy of the different machine learning algorithms, we have effectively proposed and executed a smart harvest system. All of the information from this metrics is stored in an array and by using python library, matplotlib one can visualize the given data. Therefore, a pictorial representation of the accuracy of different ml algorithms can be seen in the following graph:

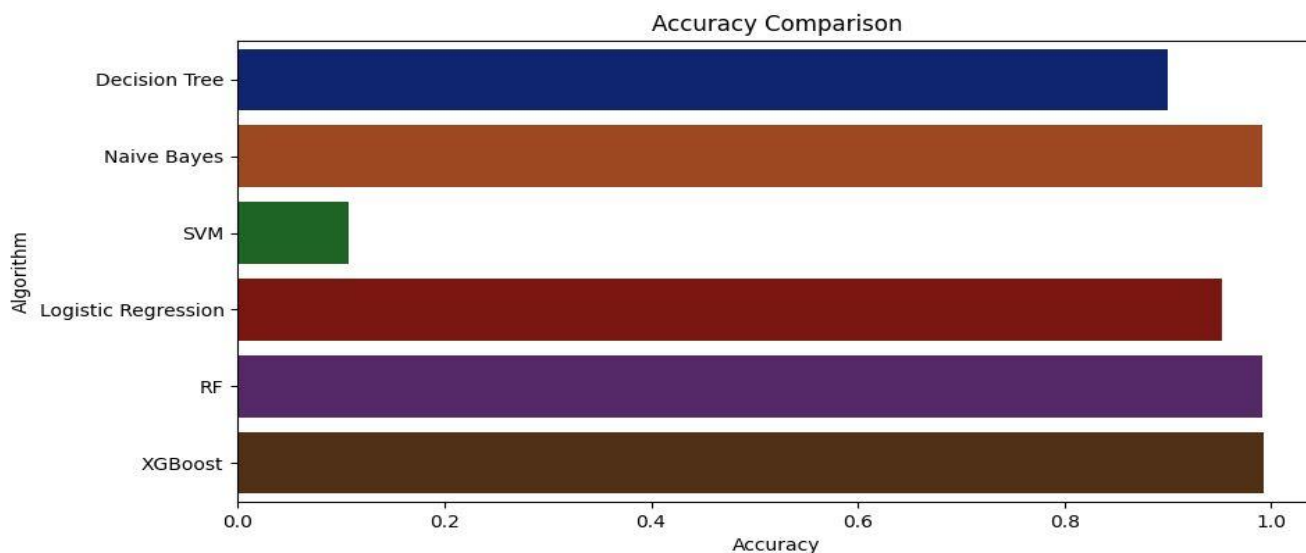


Fig.01

IV. RANDOM FOREST:

This rule suits for each large and small data to administer associate efficient prediction. Supported the given knowledge to the rule it forms numerous call trees and checks for the way several trees give identical prediction. it's supported the votes it'll count and that trees offer identical output at the moment the output given by the utmost trees it'll show as output as explained in following figure. The given knowledge within the project visit the random forest rule and listen to it'll build 10 trees and pass knowledge thereto. Each tree is assessed supported the assorted conditions and can it'll} train the model per it and can count the amount of trees will offer identical output and that has additional count it'll be determined because the output

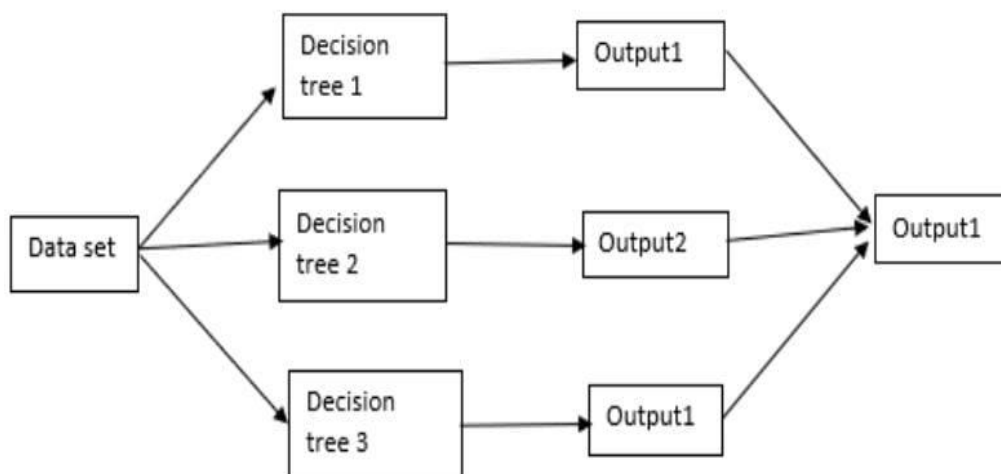


Fig. 2. Working of a random-forest algorithm

FIG.02

Following are the reasons that were taken into thought throughout execution of fry formula. It reduces over fitting in decision trees and helps to enhance the accuracy It is versatile to each classification and regression issues It works well with each categorical and continuous values It automates missing values gift within the knowledge Normalizing of information isn't needed because it uses a rule-based approach There are a lot of benefits to using Random Forest Algorithm, but one of the main advantages is that it reduces the risk of over fitting and the required training time. Additionally, it offers a high level of accuracy. Random Forest algorithm runs efficiently in large databases and produces highly accurate predictions by estimating missing data.

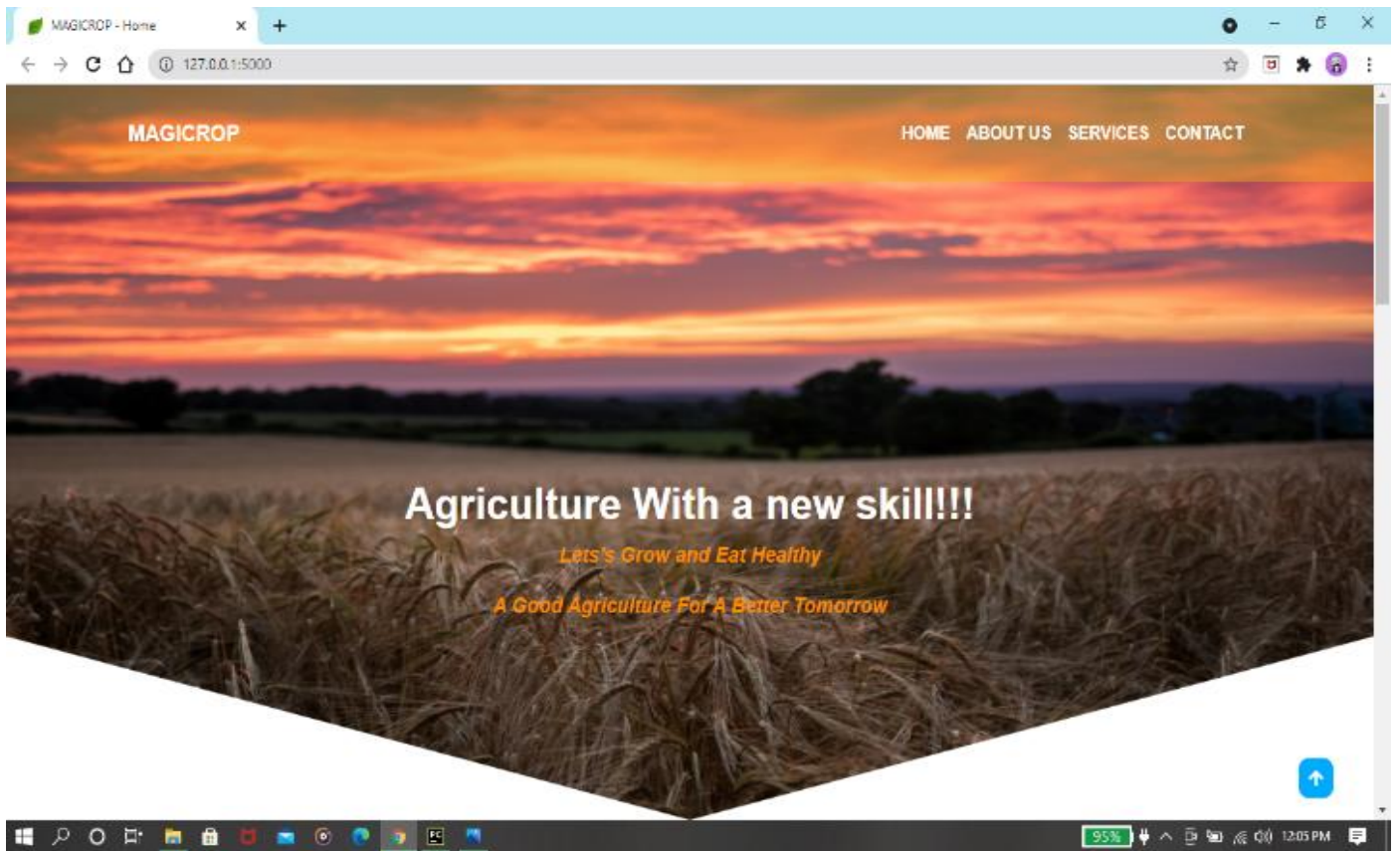


FIG.03

The content of the screen Shot mentioned above is that of the home page of our smart System, MagiCrop. A simple yet intuitive design helps every person to operate it with great ease. In the top right side of the screen, one can use different services and not only know more about us but also contact us. And clicking on the “SERVICES” Option will lead to the services that are being provided by the system

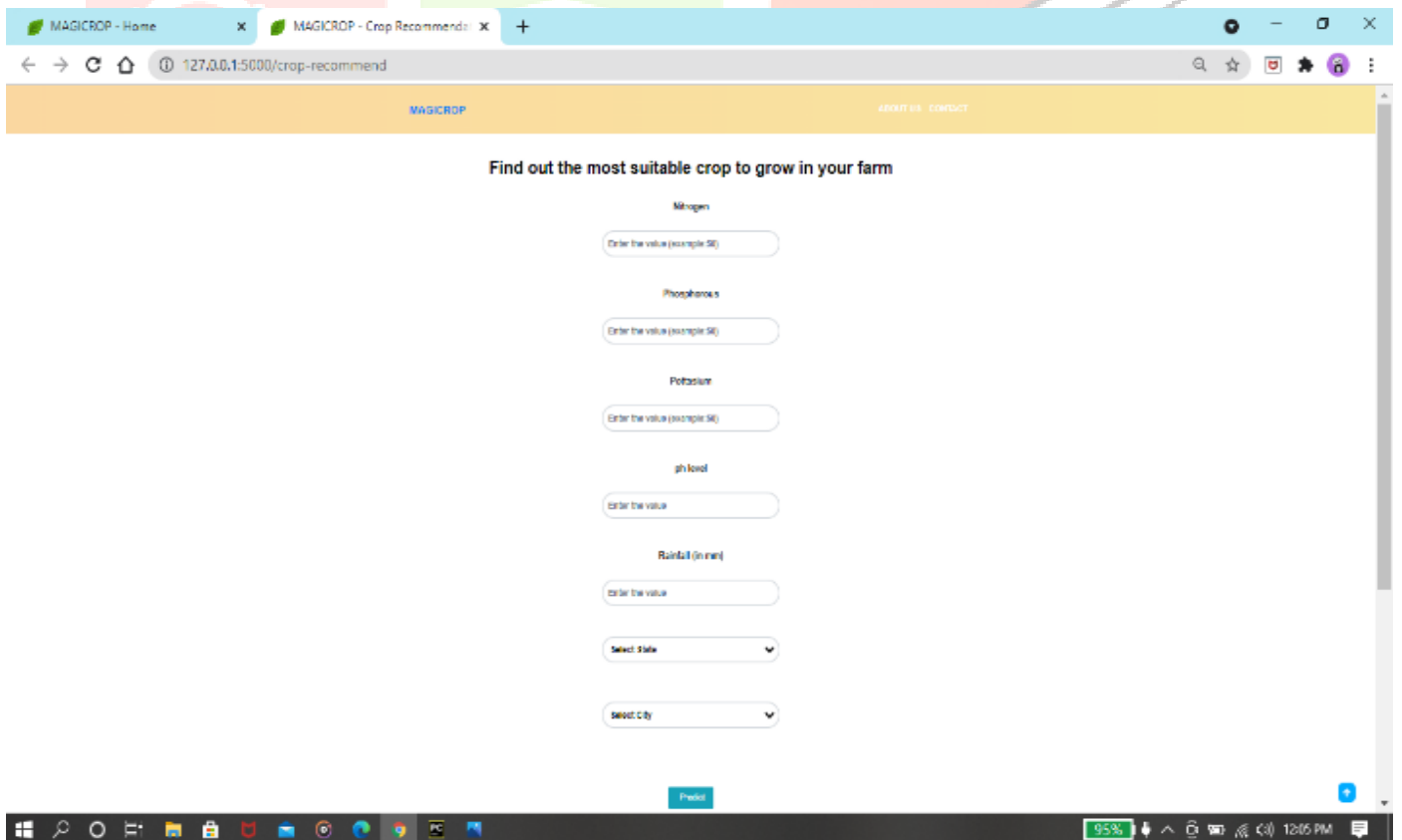


FIG.04

As soon as you tap on the services and then on the crop, a new web page will open as shown in the above image. As the title says, it helps one to choose the most suitable crop for their land.

And for this soil test is the pre-requirement. As some of the information required by the system to determine a suitable crop can only be found via soil test. Thus, one has to enter nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium values and pH level obtained from the soil test into the system. And fill in the remaining information regarding rainfall in your specific region and also your geographical location is state and city. And tap on "**PREDICT**". This will start an event in the background, where the System compare all the input values into its trained model and gives the required output by displaying it on the screen

FIG.05

Similar to the crop recommendation system, the fertilizer recommendation system works in the same manner as portrayed in the above picture. It simply needs the information uncovered through a simple soil test. Thus, one needs to enter N, P, K values and what crop one wants to grow and by clicking on the "**PREDICT**" the button will trigger an event. The entered information will be compared with the data from the dataset/trained model and providing the user with the optimal solution to the fertilization process.

CONCLUSION:

The current agriculture field is facing several issues and one of the main issues that the farmers face is lack of profit level. Farmers grow the crops however don't get the right yield that ends up in less profit level. Yield prediction plays vital role within the Department of Agriculture. It's necessary to predict the yield early, supported parameters like temperature, rainfall, soil options etc. This project results with the precise and correct crop yield and deliver the top user with correct recommendations concerning needed plant food magnitude relation based on part and soil parameters of the land that enhances the crop yield and will increase farmer's revenue. Along with that this system also helps take care of the crops by recommending a good fertilizer for the crops grown. From the yield graphs the simplest time of sowing, plant growth and harvesting of plant may also be noticed alongside prediction for crops. Decision tree shows poor performance when dataset has a lot of variations however naïve Bayes theorem provides higher result than call tree for such datasets. The combination classification algorithmic program like naïve mathematician and call tree classifier area unit higher activity than use of single classifier model.

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