



EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF SCHEDULED CASTE IN VADAKKENCHERRY PANCHAYAT: AN ANALYSIS

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Abstract

Education and employment are considered to be the most essential thing as far as all people are concerned, but pathetically the achievement in these fields are very low in our state. This is a personal view. And here I am saying this with my personal experiences, because here I am considering a specific caste especially Scheduled caste. Since they are belonging to the backward category. Their achievements too are poor in these fields. The achievements in these fields determines their standard of living. They are living in some way but actually they were far away from the main stream in every respects.

Key Words: Scheduled Caste, Education, Employment, Main stream

Scheduled caste is considered to be the most deprived section in our society. Their education as well as the employment generation are somewhat lesser as compared with others. Education and employment are considered to be the most essential thing as far as all people are concerned, but pathetically the achievement in these fields are very low in our state. This is a personal view. And here I am saying this with my personal experiences, because here I am considering a specific caste especially Scheduled caste. Since they are belonging to the backward category. Their achievements too are poor in these fields. The achievements in these fields determines their standard of living. They are living in some way but actually they were far away from the main stream in every respects

Objective

1.To study about the employment profile of the scheduled caste in the sample area.

Methodology

The study is completely based on primary data. For the purpose of study, I have selected 25 Scheduled caste households on a random basis and analysed the data with simple techniques like percentage and various tabulations too have taken.

Importance of the study

Scheduled caste is considered to be the most deprived section in our society. Their education as well as the employment generation are somewhat lesser as compared with others. Education and employment are considered to be the most essential thing as far as all people are concerned, but pathetically the achievement in these fields are very low. Therefore, their upliftment is essential.

Analysis

Table.1
Age wise Distribution

si no	age	number of persons	percentage
1	<15	10	10.20
2	15-30	12	12.24
3	30--45	32	32.65
4	45-60	16	16.33
5	60-65	13	13.27
6	>65	15	15.31
Total		98	100

Source Primary date

The table explains the age wise distribution of the sample. It shows that the lion share is grabbed by the category of 30-45 by a percentage of 32.65. And the least one is bagged by the category of <15 by a percentage of 10.20. The total dependent populations are 25.

Table.2
Gender wise distribution

si no	male	female	others	total
1	48	50	0	98
Percentage	48.98	51.02	0	100

Source: Primary Data

The table provides an explanation related to the gender wise classification of the total sample. The population represents a female biased one, because their proportion is greater than male. It comes about 51.02%

Table.3
Students distribution

si no	class	male	female	govt	aided	total
1	UP TO LP	1	1	2	0	2
2	UP TO UP	2	1	0	3	3
3	UP TO SSLC	2	3	2	3	5
4	UP TO PLUS TWO	2	3	5	0	5
5	UP TO DEGREE	0	1	0	1	1
6	UP TO POST GRADUATION	0	0	0	0	0
7	MORE	7	9	9	7	16

Source: Primary data

The table explains the student's distribution in the study area. The total student's population in the sample space are 16. Out of it 9 are female and 7 are male. By considering the class in which they studying, about 5 are belonging to Plus Two and 5 are in SSLC. The rest 6 are distributed in such a way that 2 are in LP, 3 are in UP and only 1 is in Degree class. The table also provides the details regarding the section in which they study.

Table.4
Employment details

si no	sector	male	female	total	percentage
1	PRIMARY	8	19	27	40.30
2	SECONDARY	20	10	30	44.78
3	TERTIARY	3	3	6	8.95
4	UNEMPLOYED	1	3	4	5.97
total		32	35	67	100

Source: Primary data

The table shows the employment details of the scheduled caste in the study area. By the sector wise distribution, about 40.30 percentage belonging to primary sector. 44.78 percentage belonging to secondary sector and only 8.95

percentage is belonging to tertiary sector. About 5.97 percentage belonging to the unemployed category. Here the lion share is belonging to secondary sector. Only a minute share can be seen in service sector.

Conclusion: From the analysis we can realize that the educational attainment is lesser and employment participation is also some what differential among themselves. And they require some more educational improvement to become more sustained in better standard of living.

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