

DEM OF ST. PETER'S MEDICAL COLLEGE CAMPUS

¹Pradeep C, ²PraveenKumar BA, ³Pavithran G, ⁴Parthiban T, ⁵Mrs. Devi S
¹UG Student, ²UG Student, ³UG Student, ⁴UG Student, ⁵Assistant Professor,
¹Department Of Civil Engineering,
¹Adhiyamaan College of Engineering, Hosur, TamilNadu, India

Abstract : The aim of the project is to find the accuracy of DEM generated through the field survey with respect to Google Earth. The elevation data of the selected site is recorded with the help of Total Station and it is converted into an equal spaced grid data with the help of Surfer 14 software. The accuracy of DEM generated through field study is found to be good than the DEM generated from Google Earth.

IndexTerms – Total Station, Digital Elevation Model, Surfer 14, Google Earth.

1.INTRODUCTION

A Digital Elevation Model (DEM) is a digital model or 3D representation of a terrain's surface commonly for a planet, moon, asteroid created from terrain elevation data.

A Digital Elevation Model is raster data set with a regular grid of elevation arranged by column and row. At each location the elevation is recorded. Elevations were historically recorded as integers to the nearest meter. But most high resolution DEM's now use 4byte floating point values.

Google Earth shows 3D building models in some cities, including photorealistic 3D imagery. The first 3D building in Google Earth were created using applications such as SketchUp. Google Earth is enclosed with data like X, Y and Z coordinates which can be used to generate contour map, surface map, DEM etc. A study on accuracy of DEM using field study with respect to Google Earth DEM is in need.

2.OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

- 1) To generate DEM of St. Peter's Medical college campus by using Total Station
- 2) To analyse the accuracy of DEM of St. Peter's Medical college campus with respect to Google Earth map

3.SCOPE OF THE STUDY

DEM is an asset in a variety of both commercial, public business and management fields within telecommunications, navigations, energy, disaster management, transportation, weather forecast, remote sensing, land cover classification, civil engineering and many more. The success of the project sometimes requires highly accurate elevation data with sufficient detail. Currently, several methods are available for obtaining the terrain elevation data of a given topography.

4.RESEARCH GAP

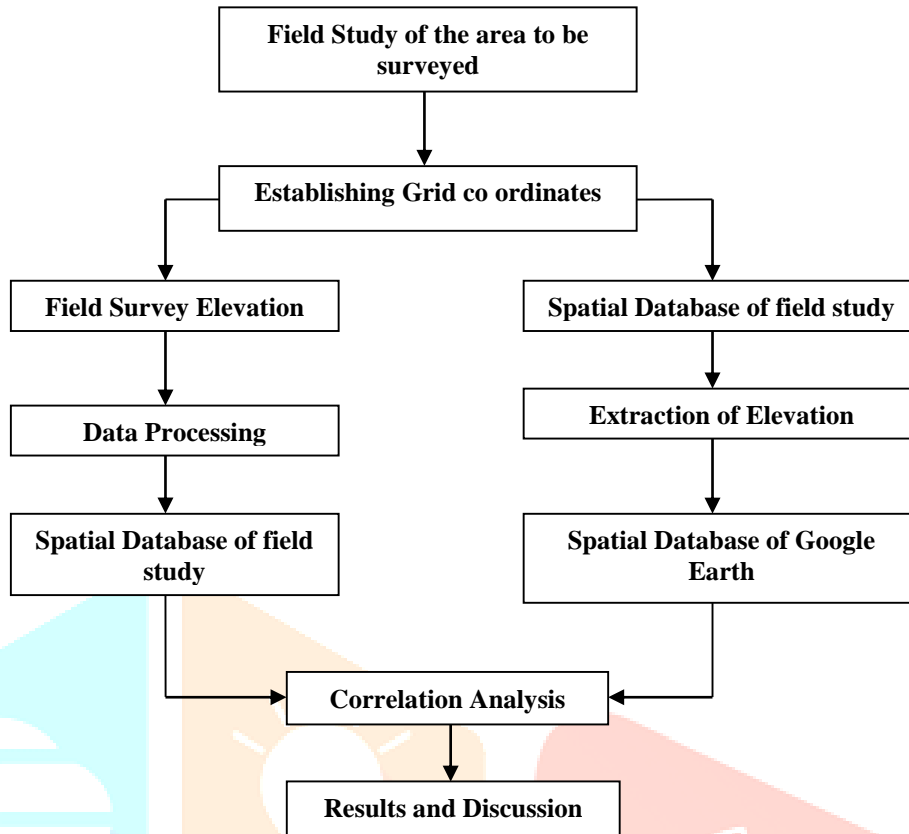
- Lack of evidences that determine the accuracy of Digital Elevation Modeling of field study [Total Station] with respect to Google Earth.
- Very few studies were only found in quality assessment of Digital Elevation Mapping generated from Google Earth.
- Thus, this exploratory study is designed to fill the gap on study in analyzing the accuracy of DEM of St. Peter's Medical college campus with respect to Google Earth.

5.AREA SELECTED

The area selected for our study is St. Peter's Medical College Campus located at Hosur, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu. The area selected for study is at latitude 12.7409127° N and Longitude 77.825923° E. The MSL of the area selected is 871m (3000ft). The area covered was 5 acres (217800Sq.ft) with grid contour of 4m interval. For field study about 824 points were taken by grid contouring method was taken by using total station and DEM. For DEM of google earth points were taken from Google Earth and is generated with help of surfer 14 software.

6. METHODOLOGY

The methodology used in this study is depicted below



7. FIELD SURVEY RESULTS

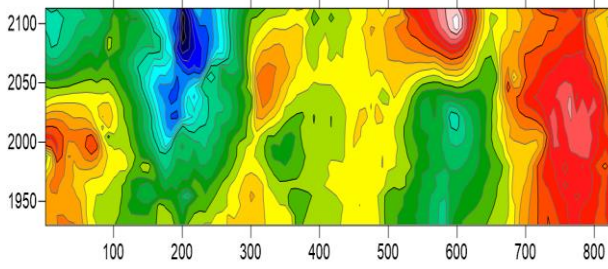


fig 1 grid data from field survey

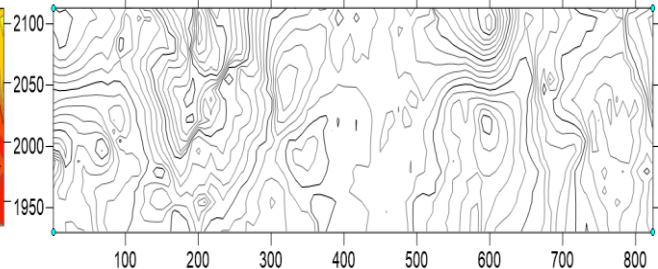


fig 2 contour from field survey

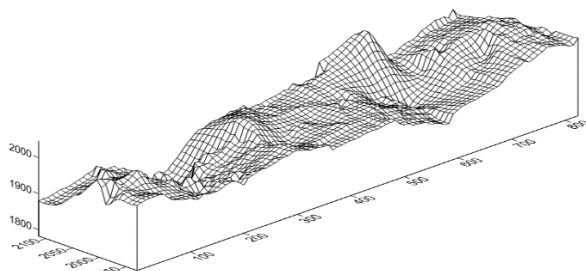


fig 3 dem -wire frame model from field survey

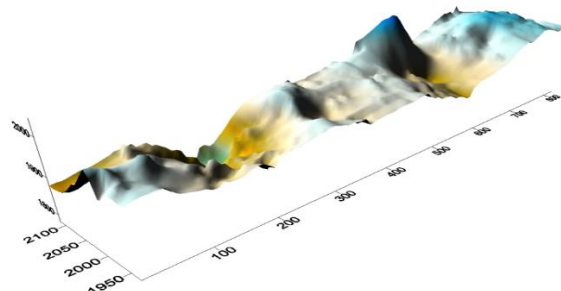


fig 4 dem -surface model from field survey

8. GOOGLE EARTH VALUES

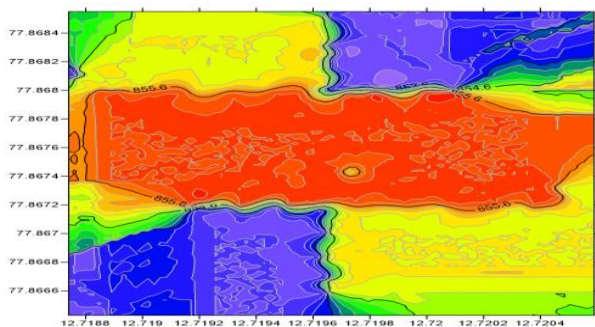


fig 5 grid data from google earth

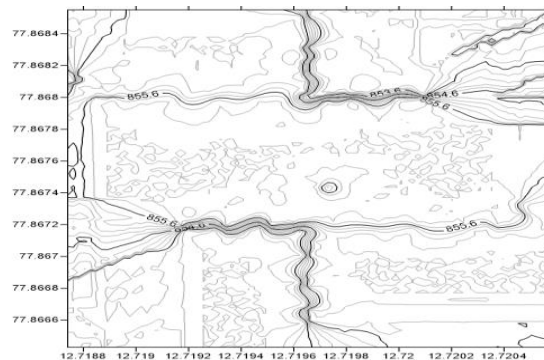


fig6 contour from google earth

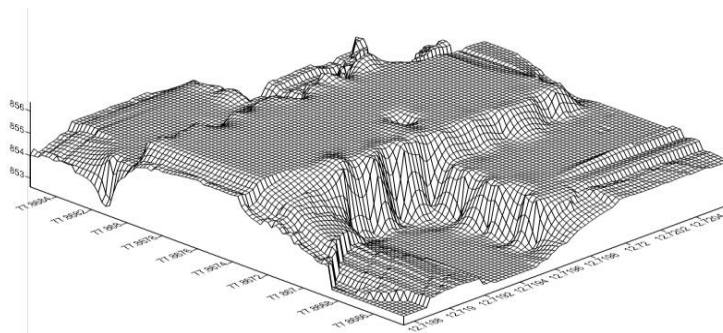


fig7 dem –wire frame model from google earth

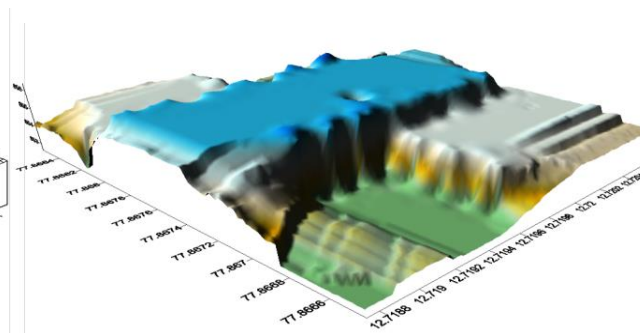


fig 8 dem –surface model from google earth

9.CONCLUSION

- From the Digital Elevation Model generated from field study is compared with standard values provided by Google Earth.
- The elevation difference shown in Google Earth is found to be very large i.e. of minimum 1m.
- The DEM's from the Google Earth does not perform well in collecting data for topographic works.
- It is found Google Earth elevation data can be used only for investigation and preliminary studies with low cost whereas field data can be potential source for Civil Engineering Projects.
- From the above comparison, it is found that DEM generated from Field study holds good when compared to Google Earth

10.REFERENCES

1. Arabinda Sharma and Dheeraj Gupta, "Derivation of Topographic Map From Elevation Data Available In Google Earth" Civil Engineering and Urban Planning: An International Journal (CiVEJ) Vol.1, No.1, pp.14-21, June 2014.
2. Arshad Ashraf, Muhammad Munir Ahmad and Muhammad Bilal Iqbal, "Quality Assessment of Digital Elevation Models in Comparison with Global Positioning Data of a Stream Profile in Dera Ismail Khan": Proceedings of the Pakistan Academy of Sciences 49, vol 2 (2012), pp.131-138, January 2012.
3. Gajalakshmi K. and Anantharama V, "Comparative Study of Cartosat-DEM and SRTM-DEM on Elevation Data and Terrain Elements": International Journal of Advanced Remote Sensing and GIS 2015, Volume 4, Issue 1, pp.1361-1366, November 2015.
4. Jeffry P. Walker and Garry R. Willgoose, "A comparative study of Australian Cartometric and Photogrammetric DEM accuracy": International Journal of Environmental Science and Development, Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 294-298, June 2011.
5. Dr Khalid L.A. El-Ashmawy, "Investigation of the Accuracy of Google Earth Elevation Data": Artificial Satellites, Vol. 51, No. 3, pp. 90 to 97, September 2016.
6. Noradila Rusl, Muhammad Faiz Pa'suya and Noorfatekah Talib, "A comparative accuracy of Google Earth height with MyGeoid, EGM96 and MSL": IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science, 37 pp.1-6, December 2016.
7. Olalekan Adekunle ISIOYE, Nigeria and JOBI N Paul, Nigeria "An Assessment of Digital Elevation Models (Dems) From Different Spatial Data Sources": FIG Working Week 2011 Bridging the Gap between Cultures Marrakech, Morocco, pp.1-17, 18-22 May 2011.
8. Richard J. U., Nigeria, DR. Chima Ogba, Nigeria, "Analysis of Accuracy of Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) and Google Earth Digital Terrain Model (DTM) Data using Geographic Information System Techniques" Surveying the world of tomorrow - From digitalisation to augmented reality Helsinki, Finland, pp.77-90, May 29-June 2, 2017.
9. Seyed Reza Hosseinzadeh "Drainage Network Analysis, Comparison of Digital Elevation Model(DEM) from ASTER with High Resolution Satellite Image and Aerial Photographs" International Journal of Environmental Science and Development, Vol. 2, No. 3, pp.194-198, June 2011.

10. Survey and Levelling by NN Basak.

11. Survey Volume 2 by BC Punmia.

