



Emotion Detection System Using Facial Recognition And Python

Ms. Shreya C. Kadu¹, Ms. Shreya N. Farkade², Ms. Ankita S. Sakhare ³, Ms. Harshada A. Dhage⁴, Dr. A.P. Jadhao⁵

^{1,2,3,4}Student, Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Technology and Research, Amravati, MH,

⁵Guide, Head of Department, Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Technology and Research, Amravati, MH

Abstract: Emotion recognition through facial expression has become a significant research area in human-computer interaction. This paper explores the integration of facial recognition technology, emotion detection, and music recommendation systems to create a personalized user experience. By utilizing Python programming language, we develop a system that can analyze facial expressions to determine the user's emotional state and recommend music that aligns with their current mood also discusses the methodology, implementation, and evaluation of the system, highlighting its effectiveness in providing music recommendations based on the user's emotions.

Keywords: Emotion Detection, Music Recommendation System, Facial Recognition, Python, User Experience

1. INTRODUCTION

Emotions are an essential aspect of human life, influencing decision-making, communication, and overall well-being. In recent years, artificial intelligence (AI) has made significant progress in recognizing and interpreting human emotions, leading to advancements in affective computing field dedicated to developing systems that can detect, process, and respond to emotional states. Emotion recognition technology has broad applications in mental health, education, entertainment, marketing, and human-computer interaction, making AI more responsive and adaptive to user needs. This research aims to develop an AI-powered emotion recognition system with an intuitive graphical user interface (GUI) that can detect human emotions in real time and respond by playing a song that matches the user's current emotional state.

Emotion detection and music recommendation systems are advanced technologies that combine facial recognition and data analytics to provide personalized music suggestions based on the user's emotional state using Python programming language. The process typically involves detecting facial features such as eyes, eyebrows, mouth, and overall expression, which are used to classify emotions such as happiness, sadness, neutral, surprise etc. By utilizing machine learning and deep learning techniques, the system can learn to accurately identify and interpret these emotions in real-time.

Objectives:

- To develop an AI model capable of detecting human emotions **using multi-modal techniques**.
- To design and implement an intuitive Graphical User Interface (GUI).
- To develop a music recommendation system that dynamically
- To optimize system performance and accuracy.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Facial Expression Recognition

Facial expression recognition (FER) is one of the most widely used approaches for identifying emotions.

Research Study	Methodology	Dataset Used	Key Findings
J. Kaur et al. (2021)	CNN-based architectures with transfer learning	FER-2013, CK+, JAFFE	Improved real-time accuracy using VGG16 and ResNet
P. Ekman (1999)	Facial Action Coding System (FACS)	Various emotion datasets	Established foundational framework for FER
Recent Advancements	Vision Transformers (ViTs)	Multiple benchmark datasets	Improved classification accuracy over CNNs

Table 1: Review on Existing Research Supporting Facial Expression Recognition

AI-Based Music Recommendation Systems

Music recommendation systems use AI and machine learning algorithms to suggest songs based on user preferences and emotions. Traditional recommendation systems relied on **collaborative filtering and content-based filtering**, while modern systems integrate **deep learning and emotion recognition**.

Research Study	Methodology	Dataset Used	Key Findings
M. Chen et al. (2020)	Hybrid recommendation system	Custom user dataset	Personalized playlist creation using AI
X. Li et al. (2021)	Sentiment-aware neural network	Spotify, Last.fm data	Emotion-based music selection
Recent Research	GAN & Reinforcement Learning	Large music datasets	Enhanced personalization and music diversity

Table 1: Review on Existing Research Supporting AI-Based Music Recommendation Systems

3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

1. Face Detection in image and video frames:- Camera is used to detect and localize the human face.
2. Image Preprocessing: - When the face are detected, the image data is optimize before it is fed into the emotion classifier.
3. Emotion Classification: - After pre-processing, the relevant features are retrieved from the pre-processed data containing the detected faces.
4. Music Recommendation: - The AI-driven music recommendation system selects songs based on user emotions. The system utilizes:
 - o **Collaborative Filtering:** Identifies patterns in user preferences and recommends songs .
 - o **Content-Based Filtering:** Analyzes audio features to determine the emotional impact of a song.
 - o **Deep Learning-Based Emotion Matching:** Uses sentiment-aware neural networks to refine music recommendations in real time.

4. TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

Python Libraries

- OpenCV: For image capture and face detection.
- TensorFlow/Keras: To build and train the CNN for emotion detection.
- Pygame: For playing music files.
- Tkinter: To build a simple GUI for user interaction.

Dataset

- **Facial Expression Datasets:** FER-2013, CK+, JAFFE
- **Music Recommendation Datasets:** Million Song Dataset (MSD), Spotify Dataset for Emotion-based Recommendations.

5. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

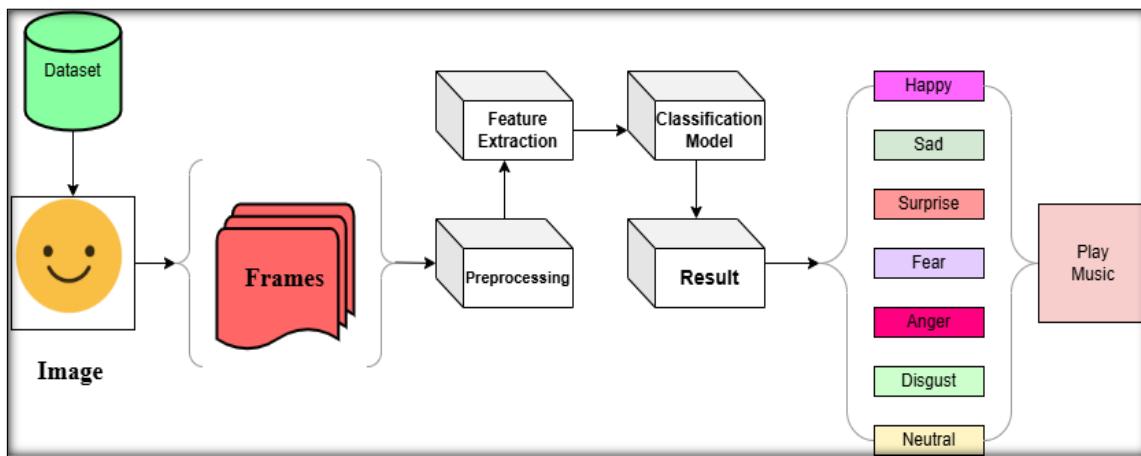


Fig1: System Architecture of Emotion Detection System

The proposed AI-powered emotion recognition system consists of multiple interconnected components that work together to detect emotions and recommend music. The primary components include:

Input Processing Module: Captures user input through facial expression recognition, speech analysis, and text sentiment evaluation. This module ensures multimodal emotion detection.

Feature Extraction Module: Processes input data to extract key features such as facial landmarks, voice pitch, and sentiment-based textual attributes.

Emotion Classification Model: Uses machine learning and deep learning models to classify emotions into categories such as happiness, sadness, anger, surprise, and neutrality.

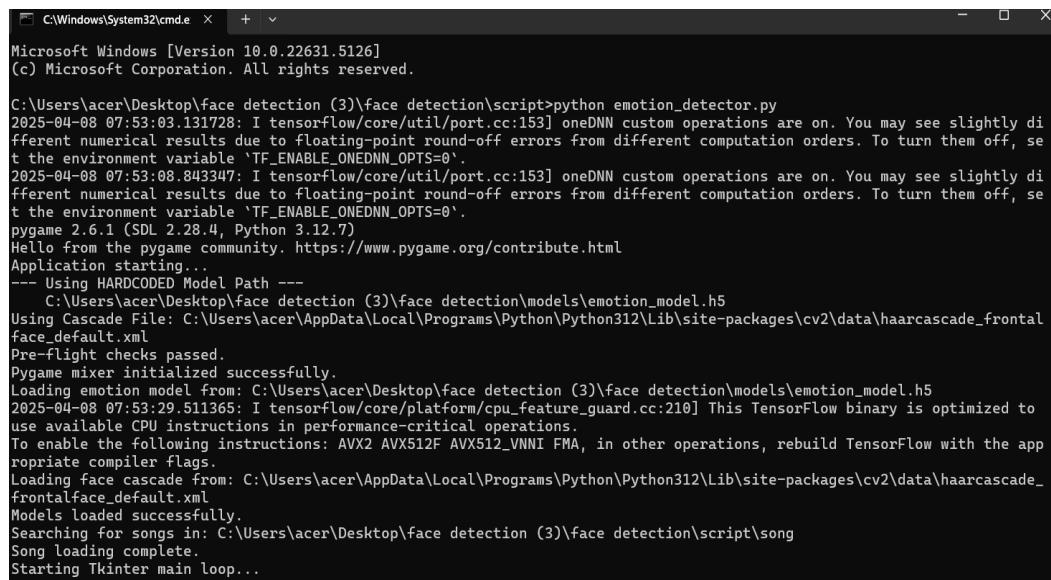
Music Recommendation Engine: Maps the detected emotions to an extensive music database and recommends songs aligned with the user's emotional state.

Graphical User Interface (GUI): Displays the detected emotions in real time and provides an interactive environment where users can engage with the system and listen to music recommendations.

Real-Time Feedback System: Continuously refines recommendations based on user interactions and feedback to improve personalization and accuracy.

6. IMPLEMENTATION SNAPSHOT

The terminal window output provides insight into the backend initialization process



```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe + 
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.5126]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\acer\Desktop\face detection (3)\face detection\script>python emotion_detector.py
2025-04-08 07:53:03.131728: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:153] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly different numerical results due to floating-point round-off errors from different computation orders. To turn them off, set the environment variable 'TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0'.
2025-04-08 07:53:08.843347: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:153] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly different numerical results due to floating-point round-off errors from different computation orders. To turn them off, set the environment variable 'TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0'.
pygame 2.6.1 (SDL 2.28.4, Python 3.12.7)
Hello from the pygame community. https://www.pygame.org/contribute.html
Application starting...
--- Using HARDCODED Model Path ---
C:\Users\acer\Desktop\face detection (3)\face detection\models\emotion_model.h5
Using Cascade File: C:\Users\acer\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-packages\cv2\data\haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml
Pre-flight checks passed.
Pygame mixer initialized successfully.
Loading emotion model from: C:\Users\acer\Desktop\face detection (3)\face detection\models\emotion_model.h5
2025-04-08 07:53:29.511365: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 AVX512F AVX512_VNNI FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Loading face cascade from: C:\Users\acer\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-packages\cv2\data\haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml
Models loaded successfully.
Searching for songs in: C:\Users\acer\Desktop\face detection (3)\face detection\script\song
Song loading complete.
Starting Tkinter main loop...

```

Fig. 1: Backend initialization process

Graphical User Interface (GUI) of Emotion-Based Music Recommendation System in action.

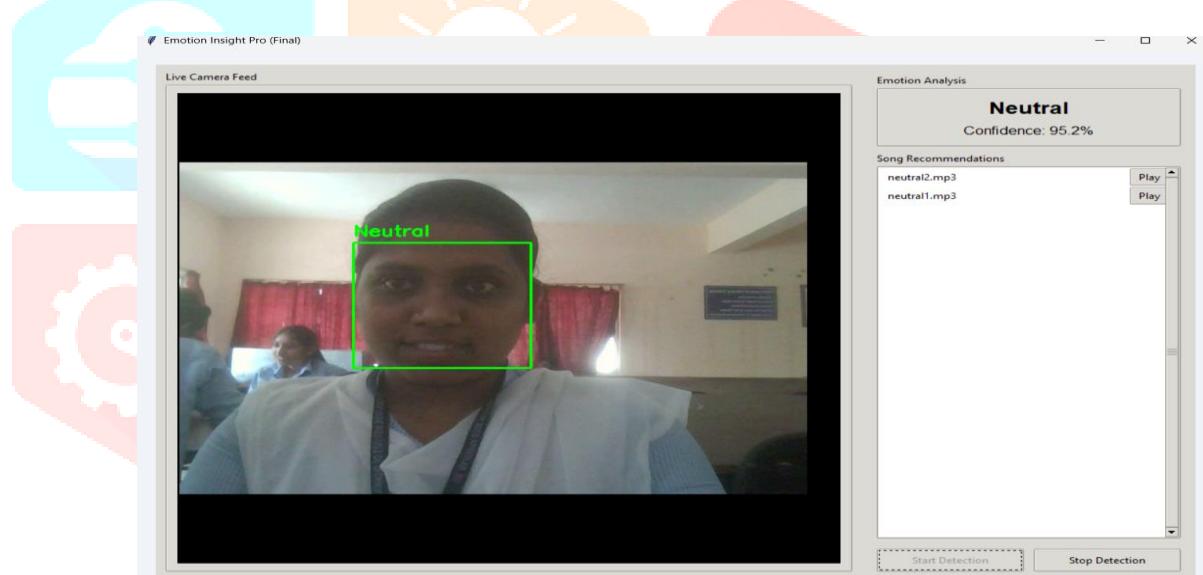


Fig. 2: Graphical User Interface (GUI)

7. FUTURE SCOPE

One of the key areas for future improvement is the accuracy of facial emotion detection. The current AI models perform well under controlled conditions but may struggle with variations in lighting, facial angles, and diverse facial expressions. Future research can incorporate larger, more diverse datasets to train models to be more adaptable to real-world conditions. Advanced deep learning architectures, such as Transformer-based networks and hybrid CNN-RNN models, can enhance the precision of emotion classification.

8. CONCLUSION

This study focused on the development and implementation of an AI-powered facial emotion recognition system that recommends music based on detected emotions. The system integrates computer vision, deep learning, and music recommendation algorithms to enhance user experience by selecting music that aligns with their emotional state. The research covered essential aspects such as system architecture, data processing, model training, testing methodologies, and future improvements to ensure the system's efficiency and reliability. Through rigorous experimentation and performance evaluation, the system demonstrated high accuracy in emotion detection and effective music recommendations, contributing to a more engaging and emotionally responsive user experience.

REFERENCES

1. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., & Courville, A. (2016). *Deep Learning*. MIT Press.
2. Bishop, C. M. (2006). *Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning*. Springer.
3. LeCun, Y., Bengio, Y., & Hinton, G. (2015). "Deep Learning." *Nature*, 521(7553), 436-444.
4. Ekman, P. (1999). "Basic Emotions." *Handbook of Cognition and Emotion*, 45-60.
5. Russell, J. A. (1980). "A Circumplex Model of Affect." *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 39(6), 1161-1178.
6. Schuller, B., Steidl, S., & Batliner, A. (2018). "The INTERSPEECH 2018 Computational Paralinguistics Challenge: Atypical & Self-Assessed Affect, Crying & Heart Beats." *Proceedings of INTERSPEECH 2018*, 122-126.
7. Baltrusaitis, T., Ahuja, C., & Morency, L. P. (2018). "Multimodal Machine Learning: A Survey and Taxonomy." *IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence*, 41(2), 423-443.
8. McDuff, D., Mahmoud, A., Mavadati, M. S., Amr, M., Turcot, J., & Kaliouby, R. (2016). "AFFDEX SDK: A Cross-Platform Real-Time Multi-Face Expression Recognition Toolkit." *Proceedings of the ACM International Conference on Multimodal Interaction (ICMI)*, 598-599.

