



INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY A FEMINISTIC VIEW

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Abstract

Information and Communication Technology has the realistic tool to concerning change a nation. Information and communication technology is strongly connected to power and capability to influence in social change. ICT is not only opened up innovative vision for social development, but it has also fabricated problems and challenges. ICT enhance wide range of opportunities for human development. ICT have engaged in recreation for wide-ranging expansion and the empowerment of women which will differentiate in the social order. ICT are intensifying as a strong instrument for women empowerment. Therefore gradually women are taking advantage of ICT in all sectors of life. ICT can be a mechanism to sustain gender equality and expand the empowerment of women. In this connection current paper majorly concentrate on how ICT can impact on women's life.

Index Terms: ICT, Gender Equality, Empowerment

I. INTRODUCTION

Information and communication technology is strongly connected to power and the capability to influence the social change. ICT are intensifying as a strong instrument for women empowerment. In addition with the preface of ICT it has formulate new extent of Gender Equality. ICT has the noticeable issue bring about expansion to a nation. Basically it can bring about change and consent to the social order of empowering women through its organism.

ICTs have engaged in recreation for wide-ranging expansion and the empowerment of women which will differentiate in the social order. But it has also fabricated problems and challenges. ICT enhance wide range of opportunities for human development. Gradually women are taking advantage of ICT in all sectors of life. ICT can be a mechanism to sustain gender equality and expand the empowerment of women. It can describe and expand wide range of opportunities for human development.

II. Objectives

- Inclusion of gender equality and development goals in ICT
- ICT must recognize that technology is not gender stagnant

III. Feministic outlook of ICT

Understanding the distinctive vision of women and addressing the expanded matter of diversity in general where as Gender and ICT matter are very complicated and the research is tilt in particular. A large amount of information offered here is prejudice establishing simplifications in general attempt. The reader should be careful of possibilities that must be recognized. In anticipation of the indicators are built-up for wide range accomplishment analysis.

ICT may also representation to prejudice and emphasize accessible discriminations. As all elements of human transmission ICT are gendered. Today the gap among women and men regarding access to ICT, and challenges when using the same is logics. The content use of ICT is connected to gender median and disparity as well as to attempt curious and unpredictable. ICT has some of the probable hurdles which will be faced by women. ICT also have the potential of disclose mechanism that may break restraint social control as well as surveillance of women's mobility. Ultimately this will leads to widening the gender gap.

According to hafkin and mitter "Like any other technology, they are socially constructed, and impact men and women differently". In this background we will easily understand ICT is not gender-stagnant. It has to address the dilemma of women. It should be used to initiate women empowered society, Challenges, opportunities to women's approach in the expanding knowledge in informative society. Women's enlightenment to requirements is conscious of privileges in the information society, it will respond to the accurate risks created by ICT. Example ICT mediated gender-based violence and human rights violations, women trafficking etc.

There are significant distinction among women and men in access to impact of ICT. The access and use of ICT among the theme includes structure of women's capacity. It initiates of new methods of demonstration, possibility of adapting the social context. It fabricates simplistic way to achieve women across the Society. Without noticeable focus to gender-based disparities women and men will not have equal opportunities to enter the information era. Without evident gender analysis and integration of the outcomes will have advantageous affect on women. Gender concerns need to be communicative in ICT the most significance to initiate an enabling atmosphere for the use of ICT as a route for women empowerment.

Women Empowerment through ICT

The uniqueness of ICT and its overall benefits for economic development makes it a key element through which gender equality can be enhanced. It seems to be more particularly ICT can influence the public thoughts in an affirmative method about gender equality. In India ICT can be a significant thing for gender empowerment. There has been a considerable progress in the ICT domain since the late 1980. The use of ICT has obviously extended since the 20th century. Overall there is considerable progress in the IT sector of India.

The problem is spreading this growth of ICT across women also. Some research reports show that women Internet user's percentage is very low in India. Given these problems, efforts have been taken by the society to experience the overall profit of ICT. Mainly ICT has been taking place in India to promote women to make use of ICT early on to pursue technical profession. In addition different domains have been overwhelmed throughout ICT to bring consciousness to province the women can research and improve. We need to focus accompanying on the ICT domain for women and its profits and judge its sustainability. The outlooks of women Empowerment in the knowledge world ICT engage fabricate the capability of women to obtain insight into the subject influencing them. It also fabricates their ability to influence their concerns. In this circumstance ICT are expanding as a significant tool for gender empowerment.

In India, somewhere else expanding humanity women play a vital role in social development. Although women are habitually remain unnoticeable. Women are exceeding men have to stable the complications of surviving. ICT offer the occasion for straight, interactive transmission until now those who want skills, who are untrained, require mobility and have little self-assurance. Experience from ICT efforts will suggests that gender biases in the information society will persevere for the predictable vision. Yet, ICT may provide to opportunity for women to be representative of their peculiar expansion. Women are not waiting for permission to ICT, somewhat using ICT when they are accessible to get almost the constraints they face in society. ICT are not

gender neutral and ICTs can attain on the gender for their development from key content to use and to recipient.

Several women are aware in the consequences of ICT grip in violation of precise prejudice and gender based violence in society. Also perceive the new opportunities that ICT furnish for overall expansion. Nancy Hafkin refers to Amartya Sen's argument for the centrality of women in the knowledge society, and writes, "knowledge is not only for economic growth but its foremost use should be to empower and develop all sectors of society to understand and use knowledge to increase the quality of people's lives and to promote social development. A socially inclusive knowledge society empowers all members of society to create, receive share and use information and knowledge for their economic, social, cultural and political development". It is essential from gender perception and ICT improvements are focus that gender relations in transmission and knowledge. Finally we can notice that ICT is not an end itself it is the innovation for ordinary people.

Impact of ICT on women

ICT are generally hopeful effect on women's work, income generated opportunities, definitely isn't logical and there have been opportunity expenses acquire. Apart from gender reflections are included into employment process, ICT dispersal approaches may not deliberately affect in negative result that combine gender and profit variations.

ICT have inference uniformly for employment of women and for their private investments in ICT tools as well as for the growth of innovative constitution of social creation. As well as ICT should offer women the probabilities alternatively, women's flexibility may also effect in recognizable. Networks and communications have increase challenge is casual ways through make possible conversion of many dimensions to provide by ICT.

The positive impacts ICT can have the reliable of women. For many women there was a benefit from social networks. However, ICT make available a new important point for social deviation among partners and direct to the support of conventional gender power deviation. Some husbands blame their wives of unfaithfulness. There are fashionable messages referring to the social deviations that ICT have initiate among men and women. They are encouraging other than convey a significant message about the way these new technology is harmful of gender relations. These findings suggest that ICT can become one more element of women oppression by men. These oppressions are not just social it can also support gender disparity.

Conclusion

The achievement of ICT has changed the global scenario and many of the new sectors are now open for encashment. Gender Equality, being one of them has notice many benefits through this practice and more prominently have used the flexibility of modifications of ICT to their advantage. But it is significant to judge the approach of these achievements. Until now, hold some cultural and social requirements have worked out. Overall ICT can make more impacts on women support to women's voices and this can open more access and in twist to generate a change in the global scenario.

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